

# Clinical Trial Protocol

## Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

25 Jun 2026

### The effect of combination of Chamomile and Calendula officinalis on Episiotomy wound healing and pain in nulliparous women

#### Protocol summary

##### Summary

The aim of this study is to determine the effect of combination of Chamomile and Calendula officinalis on healing and pain intensity of episiotomy in primiparous women. This randomized clinical trial will be done on 99 primiparous women admitting in Akbarabadi hospital. Inclusion criteria contain: being primiparous women with age range 18-35 years; gestational age 37-42 weeks; single pregnancy; cephalic presentation; ability to read and write; living with his wife's; insensitivity to special herbal drugs in past; non-smoking and no drug dependence; no history of disease impaired wound healing; Lack PROM more than 18 hours; absence of reconstructive surgery on the vagina and perineum; No rectocele, cystocele severe (grade 2 or higher), wall or mass in the vagina; mediolateral episiotomy without rupture and spread with same amount of Lidocaine; lack of vulvo and vaginal inflammation at the beginning of research; body mass index less than 30; and Exclusion criteria contain: there interfere with the progress of labor; prolonged second stage of labor longer than 2 hours; extend the length of the incision or there tear except episiotomy tear; abnormal vaginal bleeding; shoulder dystocia (leading to the maneuvers other than Robert Mack); manual removal of placenta; hematoma; having intercourse to the end of the study (10 days postpartum); curettage procedure the first 24 hours after birth; not use the ointment on a regular; puerperal fever; an infection of episiotomy; need to re-stitch the episiotomy. Eligible women will be randomly divided into three Intervention, Placebo and control groups. the Intervention group will use Combined ointment, and the placebo group will use Placebo ointment on episiotomy incision every 8 hours. Control group will not use anything on episiotomy incision. Our scale to check the wound healing is REEDA table and Our scale to check the pain reliving is VAS rule. We check the wound healing and pain before intervention (4 hours after delivery) then 1 day, 5 day and 10 day after starting intervention.

#### General information

##### Acronym

##### IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT2015102624712N1**

Registration date: **2015-12-11, 1394/09/20**

Registration timing: **prospective**

Last update:

Update count: **0**

##### Registration date

2015-12-11, 1394/09/20

##### Registrant information

##### Name

Homa Sadeghi Aval Shahr

##### Name of organization / entity

Nursing & Midwifery Faculty University of Medical Sciences

##### Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

##### Phone

+98 21 8888 2886

##### Email address

sadeghi.ho.46@iums.ac.ir

##### Recruitment status

**Recruitment complete**

##### Funding source

Vice chancellor for research, school of Nursing and Midwifery, Iran University of Medical Science

##### Expected recruitment start date

2015-12-22, 1394/10/01

##### Expected recruitment end date

2016-05-21, 1395/03/01

##### Actual recruitment start date

empty

##### Actual recruitment end date

empty

##### Trial completion date

empty

### Scientific title

The effect of combination of Chamomile and Calendula officinalis on Episiotomy wound healing and pain in nulliparous women

### Public title

The effect of combination of Chamomile and Calendula officinalis on Episiotomy wound healing and pain in nulliparous women

### Purpose

Supportive

### Inclusion/Exclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria: being primiparous women with age range 18-35 years; gestational age 37-42 weeks; single pregnancy; cephalic presentation; ability to read and write; living with his wife's; insensitivity to special herbal drugs in past; non-smoking and no drug dependence; no history of disease impaired wound healing; Lack PROM more than 18 hours; absence of reconstructive surgery on the vagina and perineum; No rectocele, cystocele severe (grade 2 or higher), wall or mass in the vagina; mediolateral episiotomy without rupture and spread with same amount of Lidocaine; lack of vulvo and vaginal inflammation at the beginning of research; body mass index less than 30;. Exclusion criteria: there interfere with the progress of labor; prolonged second stage of labor longer than 2 hours; extend the length of the incision or there tear except episiotomy tear; abnormal vaginal bleeding; shoulder dystocia (leading to the maneuvers other than Robert Mack); manual removal of placenta; hematoma; having intercourse to the end of the study (10 days postpartum); curettage procedure the first 24 hours after birth; not use the ointment on a regular; puerperal fever; an infection of episiotomy; need to re-stitch the episiotomy.

### Age

From **18 years** old to **35 years** old

### Gender

Female

### Phase

2

### Groups that have been masked

*No information*

### Sample size

Target sample size: **99**

### Randomization (investigator's opinion)

Randomized

### Randomization description

### Blinding (investigator's opinion)

Not blinded

### Blinding description

### Placebo

Used

### Assignment

Parallel

### Other design features

## Secondary Ids

empty

## Ethics committees

### 1

#### Ethics committee

##### Name of ethics committee

Ethics committee Vice chancellor for Research Iran  
University of Medical Sciences

##### Street address

Hemmat freeway (beside Milad Tower), Tehran

##### City

Tehran

##### Postal code

##### Approval date

2015-11-11, 1394/08/20

##### Ethics committee reference number

IR.IUMS.REC.1394.9211373215

## Health conditions studied

### 1

#### Description of health condition studied

wound healing of episiotomy , pain of episiotomy

#### ICD-10 code

O90.1

#### ICD-10 code description

Disruption of perineal obstetric wound

## Primary outcomes

### 1

#### Description

Episiotomy wound healing

#### Timepoint

4 hours after delivery, 1 days after delivery, 5 days after delivery ,and 10 days after delivery

#### Method of measurement

REEDA Scale of wound healing

### 2

#### Description

Pain in episiotomy

#### Timepoint

4 hours after delivery, 1 days after delivery, 5 days after delivery ,and 10 days after delivery.

#### Method of measurement

Visual analog scale

## Secondary outcomes

### 1

#### Description

Sedative tablets counting

#### Timepoint

Tenth day after delivery

#### Method of measurement

questionnaire

## Intervention groups

1

### Description

The intervention group: Combined ointment 3 times a day (each 8 hours) for 10 days as much as one finger (equivalent to about 20 milligrams) to be applied topically on the site of episiotomy

### Category

Treatment - Drugs

2

### Description

The placebo group: Placebo ointment 3 times a day (each 8 hours) for 10 days as much as one finger (equivalent to about 20 milligrams) to be applied topically on the site of episiotomy.

### Category

Placebo

3

### Description

Control group follow the routine of the hospital

### Category

N/A

## Recruitment centers

1

### Recruitment center

#### Name of recruitment center

Shahid Akbar Abadi Hospital

#### Full name of responsible person

Bahare Davami

#### Street address

Molavi Street, Tehran

#### City

Tehran

## Sponsors / Funding sources

1

### Sponsor

#### Name of organization / entity

Vice chancellor for Research, School of Nursing and Midwifery, Iran University of Medical Sciences

#### Full name of responsible person

Dr Frough Rafiea, Dr Ali Javad Mosavi

#### Street address

Hemmat freeway (beside Milad Tower), Tehran

#### City

Tehran

#### Grant name

#### Grant code / Reference number

#### Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?

Yes

### Title of funding source

Vice chancellor for Research, School of Nursing and Midwifery, Iran University of Medical Sciences

### Proportion provided by this source

100

### Public or private sector

empty

### Domestic or foreign origin

empty

### Category of foreign source of funding

empty

### Country of origin

### Type of organization providing the funding

empty

## Person responsible for general inquiries

### Contact

#### Name of organization / entity

School of Nursing and Midwifery, Iran University of Medical Sciences

#### Full name of responsible person

Bahare Davami

#### Position

Master of science student

#### Other areas of specialty/work

#### Street address

Next to the Mottahari hospital, Rashid Yasmi street, Valiasr avenue, Tehran

#### City

Tehran

#### Postal code

#### Phone

00

#### Fax

#### Email

ba.davami@gmail.com

#### Web page address

## Person responsible for scientific inquiries

### Contact

#### Name of organization / entity

School of Nursing and Midwifery, Iran University of Medical Sciences

#### Full name of responsible person

Homa Sadeghi Aval Shahr

#### Position

Master of science in midwifery

#### Other areas of specialty/work

#### Street address

Next to the Mottahari hospital, Rashid yasmi street, Valiasr avenue, Tehran

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#### Email

sadeghi.ho.46@iums.ac.ir

**Web page address**

## **Person responsible for updating data**

### **Contact**

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**Email**

Ba.davami@gmail.com

**Web page address**

## **Sharing plan**

**Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

*empty*

**Study Protocol**

*empty*

**Statistical Analysis Plan**

*empty*

**Informed Consent Form**

*empty*

**Clinical Study Report**

*empty*

**Analytic Code**

*empty*

**Data Dictionary**

*empty*