

Clinical Trial Protocol

Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

10 Jun 2026

Comparing the effect of aromatherapy with lavender and Clary sage on Percutaneous nephrolithotomy postoperative pain, hemodynamic status, nausea and vomiting

Protocol summary

Study aim

Comparison of the effect of lavender and sage scent on pain, hemodynamic status and nausea and vomiting in patients undergoing extraction of cutaneous kidney stones from Bahonar hospital in Kerman in 1397

Design

Clinical trials has two intervention groups and one control group. A total of 90 people who had surgery on Percutaneous nephrolithotomy in Kerman Bahonar Hospital were divided into three groups by block accident. This study is without blindness.

Settings and conduct

Sampling is carried out at the Bahonar Arch Hospital in the urological department. Individuals in two intervention groups, each with an intervention. This study is without blindness.

Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Entry requirements: Patients undergoing Percutaneous nephrolithotomy: Age 18-65 years old! Classification ASA Class I and II Exit Conditions: Coagulation disorder! History of migraine and chronic headache! History of allergy to medicinal herbs! Meniere syndrome! Respiratory problems during surgery! Sensitiveness to aromatic substances! A history of respiratory disease such as asthma, sinusitis and rhinitis! Use hypnotics, sedative medicines or benzodiazepines a week before the onset of intervention! Use the Aromatherapy for the patient within a week before the intervention begins! Having psychological problems with doctor's diagnosis!

Intervention groups

In this study, there are three groups of people, which is a control group and the other two receive each intervention. Interventions include scent of lavender and seaweed

Main outcome variables

Evaluation, pain, hemodynamic status, and vomiting nausea

General information

Reason for update

Acronym

IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20180321039135N1**

Registration date: **2018-09-04, 1397/06/13**

Registration timing: **registered_while_recruiting**

Last update: **2018-09-04, 1397/06/13**

Update count: **0**

Registration date

2018-09-04, 1397/06/13

Registrant information

Name

Mojdeh Amirhossaini

Name of organization / entity

Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

Phone

+98 34 3281 0537

Email address

m.amirhossaini@kmu.ac.ir

Recruitment status

Recruitment complete

Funding source

Expected recruitment start date

2018-08-01, 1397/05/10

Expected recruitment end date

2018-09-23, 1397/07/01

Actual recruitment start date

empty

Actual recruitment end date

empty

Trial completion date

empty

Scientific title

Comparing the effect of aromatherapy with lavender and Clary sage on Percutaneous nephrolithotomy postoperative pain, hemodynamic status, nausea and vomiting

Public title

Study the effect of aromatherapy on patients after Percutaneous nephrolithotomy

Purpose

Supportive

Inclusion/Exclusion criteria**Inclusion criteria:**

Patients undergoing Percutaneous nephrolithotomy Age 18-65 ASA classification I , II

Exclusion criteria:

Coagulation disorder History of migraine and chronic headache History of allergy to medicinal herbs Meniere syndrome Respiratory problems during surgery Sensitiveness to aromatic substances A history of respiratory disease such as asthma, sinusitis and rhinitis Use hypnotics, sedative medicines or benzodiazepines a week before the onset of intervention Use the Aromatherapy for the patient within a week before the intervention begins Having psychological problems with doctor's diagnosis

Age

From **18 years** old to **65 years** old

Gender

Both

Phase

N/A

Groups that have been masked

No information

Sample size

Target sample size: **90**

Randomization (investigator's opinion)

Randomized

Randomization description

The blocking method was used for randomization. For random allocation, the participants were divided into three groups, with a sample number of 30 in each group, randomization method was used. For this purpose, 15 blocks of 6 were used. In this method, the intervention and control groups are divided into three groups, A, B, C. Possible blocks were AABBC, ABCAC, BACAC, CCBBAA, ABCCBA, CBACBA, numbers 1 to 6 were assigned to each of these blocks, respectively. Then the numbers from 1 to 6 were extracted from the random numbers table. (Obviously, in the case of extraction of the zero number, the number from 7 to 9 was again retrieved from the random number extraction), and it is selected in accordance with the extracted number of a block to identify 15 blocks. In the same way as the blocks are obtained, a list of 90 will be provided and the participants will be assigned respectively two groups A, B, and C respectively.

Blinding (investigator's opinion)

Not blinded

Blinding description**Placebo**

Not used

Assignment

Parallel

Other design features**Secondary Ids**

empty

Ethics committees**1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Ethics Committee of Kerman University of Medical Sciences

Street address

Kerman University Of Medical Sciences, Medical University Campus, Haft-Bagh Highway

City

Kerman

Province

Kerman

Postal code

7616913555

Approval date

2018-07-11, 1397/04/20

Ethics committee reference number

IR.KMU.REC.1397.084

Health conditions studied**1****Description of health condition studied**

Percutaneous Nephrolithotomy (PCNL)

ICD-10 code**ICD-10 code description****Primary outcomes****1****Description**

systolic blood pressure average

Timepoint

At first and before the intervention, a blood pressure is measured once. The first intercourse is performed immediately after surgery in the operating room. Second and third interventions are performed 3 and 6 hours after the operation. In each intervention, the blood pressure is doubled at a time interval of 5 to 10 minutes, and then the average is recorded. All measurements related to blood pressure are performed 30 minutes after the intervention

Method of measurement

Digital Sphygmomanometer

2**Description**

Diastolic blood pressure average

Timepoint

At first and before the intervention, a Diastolic blood pressure is measured once. The first intercourse is performed immediately after surgery in the operating room. Second and third interventions are performed 3 and 6 hours after the operation. In each intervention, the blood pressure is doubled at a time interval of 5 to 10 minutes, and then the average is recorded. All measurements related to blood pressure are performed 30 minutes after the intervention

Method of measurement

Digital Sphygmomanometer

Secondary outcomes

1

Description

Incidence of nausea and vomiting

Timepoint

The first intermission is performed immediately after surgery in the operating room. Second and third interventions are performed 3 and 6 hours after the operation. All measurements for nausea and vomiting are performed 30 minutes after intervention.

Method of measurement

Visual analog scale (VAS)

2

Description

Intensity of pain

Timepoint

The first intermission is performed immediately after surgery in the operating room. Second and third interventions are performed 3 and 6 hours after the operation. All measurements for nausea and vomiting are performed 30 minutes after intervention.

Method of measurement

Visual pain assessment scale (VAS)

Intervention groups

1

Description

Intervention group 1: On each person, three interventions are performed after the operation. This is the first time after surgery in the operating room. The second and third turns are performed at 3 and 6 hours after surgery in the urological department. The intervention is stained with a sterile gas with 3 drops of aromatics (lavender) and placed at a distance of 10 cm from the nose of the patient and we instruct him to inhale for 5 minutes and 30 minutes after the intervention. We measure pain, hemodynamic status, and nausea in the patient's vomiting. All measurements for physiological indicators are performed at intervals of 5 to 10 minutes each time, and the average is recorded.

Category

Treatment - Other

2

Description

Intervention group 2: On each person, three interventions are performed after surgery. This is the first time after surgery in the operating room. The second and third turns are performed at 3 and 6 hours after surgery in the urological department. The intervention is stained with a 3-drops of aromatics (sage) and placed at a distance of 10 cm from the patient's nose and we instruct him to inhale for 5 minutes and 30 minutes after the intervention. We measure the pain, hemodynamic status, and nausea in the patient's vomiting. All measurements for physiological indicators are performed at intervals of 5 to 10 minutes each time, and the average is recorded.

Category

Treatment - Other

3

Description

Control group: In the control group, blood pressure is taken from each person in three times and the relevant questionnaire is completed. The first turn is done after the work is done in the operating room. The second and third turns are performed at the 3rd and 6th hour after surgery in the urological department. All measurements for physiological indicators are performed at intervals of 5 to 10 minutes each time, and the average is recorded.

Category

Treatment - Other

Recruitment centers

1

Recruitment center

Name of recruitment center

Bahonar Hospital of Kerman

Full name of responsible person

Mojdeh Amirhossaini

Street address

Shahid Bahonar Hospital - Qarani Street

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Sponsors / Funding sources

1

Sponsor

Name of organization / entity

Kerman University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Abbas Pardakhti

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Grant name**Grant code / Reference number****Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?**

Yes

Title of funding source

Kerman University of Medical Sciences

Proportion provided by this source

100

Public or private sector

Public

Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

Category of foreign source of funding*empty***Country of origin****Type of organization providing the funding**

Academic

Person responsible for general inquiries**Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Kerman University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Mojdeh Amirhossaini

Position

student

Latest degree

Bachelor

Other areas of specialty/work

Nursery

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Person responsible for scientific inquiries**Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Kerman University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Mahlagha Dehghan

Position

Faculty member

Latest degree

Ph.D.

Other areas of specialty/work

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Person responsible for updating data**Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Kerman University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

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Position

Student

Latest degree

Bachelor

Other areas of specialty/work

Nursery

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Sharing plan**Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Justification/reason for indecision/not sharing IPD

There is still no plan to develop a program for sharing the data. According to the above sampling data time, the

study will be completed by that time

Study Protocol

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Statistical Analysis Plan

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Informed Consent Form

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Clinical Study Report

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Analytic Code

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Data Dictionary

No - There is not a plan to make this available