

Clinical Trial Protocol

Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

09 Jun 2026

Investigating the effect of Ursodeoxycholic acid and Synbiotic versus isolated phototherapy on indirect hyperbilirubinemia in hospitalized neonates under phototherapy.

Protocol summary

Study aim

Comparison of the effect of Ursodeoxycholic acid and Synbiotic versus isolated phototherapy on indirect hyperbilirubinemia in hospitalized neonates under phototherapy.

Design

The clinical trial with two groups (intervention and control), pragmatic, double-blind, randomized.

Settings and conduct

This study was conducted to evaluate the effect of Ursodoxicillic Acid and Cynthiabacteric therapy on isolated indirect hyperbilirubinemia in hospitalized infants undergoing phototherapy in Sabzevar, Iran. Clinical observant and participants will be unaware of how they are grouped. Patients will be randomly assigned to intervention group 1 (Ursodoxicillic Acid and phototherapy), intervention 2 (Synbiotic and phototherapy) and control (phototherapy). Evaluation of the response to treatment is performed using a flame photometer at the end of the second day after the intervention for each of the three groups.

Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Inclusion Criteria: Infants aged 2 to 14 days, with a serum bilirubin level between 14 and 25 mg/dl and direct bilirubin of less than 2 mg/dl, with reticulocyte count in the normal range, with no Hematoma cerebral and Caput succedaneum. Exclusion Criteria: Infants with low hemoglobin and positive glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase enzyme and Coombs tests, Infants who receive serum therapy, antibiotic therapy, and IV immunoglobulin (IVIG).

Intervention groups

First intervention group: Patients in this group are treated with Ursodoxicillic acid (Alborzdarou Pharmaceutical Company) 10 mg/kg daily with phototherapy for two days. Second intervention group: Patients in this group are treated with Synbiotics

(Zisttakhmir company) 5 daily drops with phototherapy for two days. Control group: Patients in this group are treated only with phototherapy for two days.

Main outcome variables

Total Bilirubin

General information

Reason for update

Acronym

IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20181006041252N9**

Registration date: **2019-01-26, 1397/11/06**

Registration timing: **prospective**

Last update: **2019-01-26, 1397/11/06**

Update count: **0**

Registration date

2019-01-26, 1397/11/06

Registrant information

Name

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Name of organization / entity

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Recruitment status

Recruitment complete

Funding source

Expected recruitment start date

2019-01-30, 1397/11/10

Expected recruitment end date

2019-03-30, 1398/01/10

Actual recruitment start date

empty

Actual recruitment end date

empty

Trial completion date

empty

Scientific title

Investigating the effect of Ursodeoxycholic acid and Synbiotic versus isolated phototherapy on indirect hyperbilirubinemia in hospitalized neonates under phototherapy.

Public title

Comparison of the therapeutic effect of Ursodeoxycholic acid and Synbiotic versus isolated phototherapy on indirect hyperbilirubinemia.

Purpose

Treatment

Inclusion/Exclusion criteria**Inclusion criteria:**

Infants aged 2 to 14 days. Infants with a serum bilirubin level between 14 and 25 mg/dl and direct bilirubin of less than 2 mg/dl. Infants with reticulocyte count in normal range. Infants with no Hematoma cerebral and Caput succedaneum. Infants with gestational age greater than 37 weeks. Infants with birth weight more than 2500 grams. Infants without polycythemia (hematocrit over 65). Infants without underlying illness. Infants without exchange transfusion.

Exclusion criteria:

Infants with low hemoglobin and positive glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase enzyme and Coombs tests. Infants who receive serum therapy, antibiotic therapy, and IV immunoglobulin (IVIG). Infants with abnormal peripheral blood smear tests. Infants with septicemia, Crigler-Najjar syndrome, thyroid and liver diseases. Infants from diabetic mother. Infants with direct hyperbilirubinemia, blood type incompatibility, and RH.

Age

From **2 days** old to **14 days** old

Gender

Both

Phase

3

Groups that have been masked

- Participant
- Care provider

Sample size

Target sample size: **120**

Randomization (investigator's opinion)

Randomized

Randomization description

Randomization was conducted based on a permutation block by a statistical consultant using random allocation software and the output sequences A, B, and C are available to the researcher. Accordingly, 20 blocks were allocated to patients, in each block, 2 from A treatment group, 2 from the B treatment group, and 2 from the C treatment group were placed. Eventually, after completing the blocks group A was treated with

Ursodeoxycholic acid and phototherapy, Group B treated with Synbiotic and phototherapy, and Group C only treated with phototherapy. First, we determine all sixsome modes in which two individuals are assigned to group A and two to group B, and two to group C. Then we assign one of the digits 1 to 90 to each of the sixsome combinations (which includes ninety modes). In the next step, we must randomly select 20 blocks of six and write their combinations in succession. For this we have to make 20 samplings with replacement from a six-member community; 20 times, choose a random number between 1 and 90 and this process will continue until the end of the sampling and the difference between the three groups will not exceed a maximum of three (half the size of the block).

Blinding (investigator's opinion)

Double blinded

Blinding description

Each person will be assigned a study code A, B, and C, which will only be known to the researcher of the type of groups. The clinical observant and the participants are unaware of the groups; somehow that when the patient is referred to a clinical observer, they only put the patients in groups on the basis of sequentially numbered, sealed, opaque envelopes containing the code and there is no information about the treatment given for each code as well as the participants who are infants with 2 to 14 days' old will be unaware of the type of treatment due to lack of neurodevelopment.

Placebo

Not used

Assignment

Parallel

Other design features**Secondary Ids**

empty

Ethics committees**1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Ethics committee of Sabzevar University of Medical Sciences

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Sabzevar University of Medical Sciences, Tohid Blvd, Sabzevar city

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Razavi Khorasan

Postal code

9617913114

Approval date

2019-01-13, 1397/10/23

Ethics committee reference number

IR.MEDSAB.REC.1397.094

Health conditions studied

1

Description of health condition studied

Indirect Hyperbilirubinemia (Neonatal jaundice)

ICD-10 code

P58.9

ICD-10 code description

Neonatal jaundice due to excessive hemolysis, unspecified

Primary outcomes

1

Description

Total bilirubin

Timepoint

At the beginning of the study (before the intervention), 12, 24 and 48 hours after starting the intervention.

Method of measurement

Flame photometry device

Secondary outcomes

empty

Intervention groups

1

Description

First intervention group: Patients in this group are treated with Ursodoxilic acid (Alborzdarou Pharmaceutical Company) 10 mg/kg daily with phototherapy for two days.

Category

Treatment - Drugs

2

Description

Second intervention group: Patients in this group are treated with Synbiotics (Zisttakhmir company) 5 daily drops with phototherapy for two days.

Category

Treatment - Drugs

3

Description

Control group: Patients in this group are treated only with phototherapy for two days.

Category

Treatment - Other

Recruitment centers

1

Recruitment center

Name of recruitment center

Heshmatiyeh hospital

Full name of responsible person

Elahe Babaie Zarch

Street address

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Sponsors / Funding sources

1

Sponsor

Name of organization / entity

Sabzevar University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

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Grant name

Grant code / Reference number

Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?

Yes

Title of funding source

Sabzevar University of Medical Sciences

Proportion provided by this source

100

Public or private sector

Public

Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

Category of foreign source of funding

empty

Country of origin

Type of organization providing the funding

Academic

Person responsible for general inquiries

Contact

Name of organization / entity

Sabzevar University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Dr. Mitra Aldaghi

Position

Assistant Professor

Latest degree

Subspecialist

Other areas of specialty/work

Pediatrics

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Person responsible for updating data**Contact****Name of organization / entity**

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Latest degree

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Position

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Latest degree

Subspecialist

Other areas of specialty/work

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Email**Sharing plan****Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Study Protocol

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Statistical Analysis Plan

Not applicable

Informed Consent Form

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Clinical Study Report

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Analytic Code

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Data Dictionary

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available