

Clinical Trial Protocol

Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

05 Aug 2026

The Efficacy of Silymarin and Vitamin E in the Treatment of the Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease: A Clinical Trial

Protocol summary

Study aim

The present study is an attempt to evaluate the efficacy and safety of oral silymarin as compared to Vitamin E administered to subjects with NAFLD in a treatment period of four months.

Design

The inclusion criteria were NAFLD confirmed through abdominal ultrasonography, persistent elevation in the level of alanine aminotransferase (ALT) within the last six months for one and a half times more than the upper normal limit, fatty changes diagnosed through ultrasonography, and over 20 years of age.

Settings and conduct

This clinical trial was performed on eighty NAFLD patients who had referred to the Gastroenterology clinic of the Medical University in Yazd, Iran, from September 2014 to March 2015.

Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

The inclusion criteria were NAFLD confirmed through abdominal ultrasonography, persistent elevation in the level of alanine aminotransferase (ALT) within the last six months for one and a half times more than the upper normal limit, fatty changes diagnosed through ultrasonography, and over 20 years of age. The exclusion criteria were autoimmune hepatitis, alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency, chronic hepatitis B or C, hemochromatosis, and Wilson's disease. Patients with a history of diabetes, daily consumption ethanol, severe cardiac, pulmonary, renal, or psychological problems, positive pregnancy test, and the use of drugs such as statins,

Intervention groups

In this study, eighty NAFLD patients were assigned to two groups of forty. Those in the first group received vitamin E 400 UI /day, and those in the second group were given silymarin 140 mg bid (livergol-Goldaro Company)

Main outcome variables

They were received at the baseline and then after four months for ALT measurements and ultrasonographic

evaluations of their liver.

General information

Reason for update

Acronym

NAFLD

IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20081110001444N6**

Registration date: **2019-11-02, 1398/08/11**

Registration timing: **retrospective**

Last update: **2019-11-02, 1398/08/11**

Update count: **0**

Registration date

2019-11-02, 1398/08/11

Registrant information

Name

mohsen akhondi meybodi

Name of organization / entity

Shahid Sadoughi University of Medical Sciences-Yazd, Iran

Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

Phone

+98 35 1822 5825

Email address

akhondi@ssu.ac.ir

Recruitment status

Recruitment complete

Funding source

Expected recruitment start date

2014-04-01, 1393/01/12

Expected recruitment end date

2015-08-01, 1394/05/10

Actual recruitment start date

2014-05-01, 1393/02/11

Actual recruitment end date

2015-08-30, 1394/06/08

Trial completion date

2016-08-01, 1395/05/11

Scientific title

The Efficacy of Silymarin and Vitamin E in the Treatment of the Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease: A Clinical Trial

Public title

Efficacy of Silymarin and Vitamin E in the Treatment fatty liver

Purpose

Treatment

Inclusion/Exclusion criteria**Inclusion criteria:**

The inclusion criteria were : NAFLD confirmed through abdominal ultrasonography, persistent elevation in the level of alanine aminotransferase (ALT) within the last six months for one and a half times more than the upper normal limit, fatty changes diagnosed through ultrasonography, and over 20 years of age.

Exclusion criteria:

The exclusion criteria were autoimmune hepatitis, alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency, chronic hepatitis B or C, hemochromatosis, and Wilson's disease. Patients with a history of diabetes, daily consumption ethanol, severe cardiac, pulmonary, renal, or psychological problems, positive pregnancy test, and the use of drugs such as statins, fibrates, anti-convulsants, NSAID, acetaminophen, warfarin, metronidazole, anti-depressants, or anti-psychotics were also excluded from the study.

Age

From **20 years** old to **60 years** old

Gender

Both

Phase

3

Groups that have been masked

- Participant
- Care provider

Sample size

Target sample size: **80**

Actual sample size reached: **80**

Randomization (investigator's opinion)

Randomized

Randomization description

The patients were received so as to take daily doses of vitamins E (400 IU) and Silymarin 140 mg BID (with the brand name of Livergol from Goldaru Pharmaceutical Company, Iran) for four months. Additionally, they were all given consultation for standard weight-loss programs and persuaded to follow low-fat diets

Blinding (investigator's opinion)

Double blinded

Blinding description

The patients were received so as to take daily doses of vitamins E (400 IU) and Silymarin 140 mg BID (with the brand name of Livergol from Goldaru Pharmaceutical Company, Iran) for four months. Additionally, they were

all given consultation for standard weight-loss programs and persuaded to follow low-fat diets

Placebo

Not used

Assignment

Parallel

Other design features**Secondary Ids**

empty

Ethics committees**1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Ethics committee of Sadoughi University of Medical Sciences-Yazd, Iran

Street address

bahonar square

City

Yazd

Province

Yazd

Postal code

8916978477

Approval date

2014-07-23, 1393/05/01

Ethics committee reference number

IR.SSU.MEDICINE.REC.1393.114

Health conditions studied**1****Description of health condition studied**

Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease

ICD-10 code

K75.81

ICD-10 code description

Nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH)

Primary outcomes**1****Description**

ALanin aminotransferas measurements

Timepoint

They were received at the baseline and then after four months for ALT measurements

Method of measurement

autoanalyzer

2**Description**

ultrasonographic evaluations of their liver

Timepoint

first and four months later

Method of measurement

General Electric ultrasound device,

akhondei@yahoo.com

Secondary outcomes

empty

Intervention groups**1****Description**

Intervention group 1 silymarin: Silymarin 140 mg BID (with the brand name of Livergol from Goldaru Pharmaceutical Company, Iran) for four months. Additionally, they were all given consultation for standard weight-loss programs and persuaded to follow low-fat diets (< 30 fat g/day). They were received at the baseline and then after four months for ALT measurements and ultrasonographic evaluations of their liver

Category

Treatment - Drugs

2**Description**

Intervention group 2: vitamin E The patients were received so as to take daily doses of vitamins E (400 IU) for four months. Additionally, they were all given consultation for standard weight-loss programs and persuaded to follow low-fat diets (< 30 fat g/day). They were received at the baseline and then after four months for ALT measurements and ultrasonographic evaluations of their liver. In these evaluations, which were performed with a General Electric LOGIQ 400 CL ultrasound device.

Category

Treatment - Drugs

Recruitment centers**1****Recruitment center****Name of recruitment center**

Gastroenterology clinic of the Medical University in Yazd,

Full name of responsible person

Mohsen akhondi-Meybodi

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Email**Sponsors / Funding sources****1****Sponsor****Name of organization / entity**

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Grant name**Grant code / Reference number****Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?**

Yes

Title of funding source

Shahid Sadoughi University of Medical Sciences-Yazd, Iran

Proportion provided by this source

100

Public or private sector

Public

Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

Category of foreign source of funding

empty

Country of origin**Type of organization providing the funding**

Academic

Person responsible for general inquiries**Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Yazd University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

mohsen akhondi-Meybodi

Position

Associate professor

Latest degree

Subspecialist

Other areas of specialty/work

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Person responsible for scientific inquiries

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Person responsible for updating data

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Sharing plan

Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Study Protocol

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Statistical Analysis Plan

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Informed Consent Form

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Clinical Study Report

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Analytic Code

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Data Dictionary

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Title and more details about the data/document

all of data can be publish or sharing with coalleagues

When the data will become available and for how long

irct 5 years

To whom data/document is available

professors that study NASH

Under which criteria data/document could be used

use in review article

From where data/document is obtainable

mohsen akhondi

What processes are involved for a request to access data/document

by email request

Comments