

# Clinical Trial Protocol

## Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

27 Jun 2026

### Effect of Combined Training Course and Aloe Vera supplement on Renal Function and Lipid Profile of Patients with Type 2 Diabetes

#### Protocol summary

##### Study aim

The aim of this study was to evaluate the effect of a combined exercise training and aloe vera supplementation on kidney function and lipid profile in patients with type 2 diabetes.

##### Design

A clinical trial with a control group was performed with two groups of parallel, single blind, simplified random intervention.

##### Settings and conduct

This study was conducted for 6 weeks in the championship base of the Olympic village of Zahedan city. Participants were blinded by taking placebo.

##### Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Entrances criteria: Gender (male); Having type 2 diabetes as diagnosed by a doctor; Age was 40 to 60 years and the ability to attend the exercise protocol for 2 months. Exclusion criteria: Cardiovascular disease, asthma, history of limb fractures, insulin use and diabetes complications including diabetic foot ulcer.

##### Intervention groups

First intervention group: It was a training group that combined exercises for 6 weeks; 3 sessions per week and each session for 50 to 60 minutes. Combination exercises consisted of 12 repetitions of resistance training for large muscle groups with a intensity of 70% of a maximum repetition; Aerobic exercise includes 10-minute turns with a intensity of 70 to 75% of maximum heart rate on the treadmill. The second intervention group was the training and supplement group, which followed the exercise training protocol as the training group, and in addition, took 500 mg of aloe vera supplement daily for 6 weeks. Control group: They had no exercise or supplementation.

##### Main outcome variables

The effect of aerobic exercise with and without aloe vera supplementation on renal filtration and possible changes in lipid profile of patients with type 2 diabetes.

#### General information

##### Reason for update

##### Acronym

##### IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20180923041097N2**

Registration date: **2020-07-16, 1399/04/26**

Registration timing: **retrospective**

Last update: **2020-07-16, 1399/04/26**

Update count: **0**

##### Registration date

2020-07-16, 1399/04/26

##### Registrant information

##### Name

Reza Delavar

##### Name of organization / entity

The University of Sistan and Baluchestan

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Iran (Islamic Republic of)

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##### Recruitment status

**Recruitment complete**

##### Funding source

##### Expected recruitment start date

2019-09-23, 1398/07/01

##### Expected recruitment end date

2019-11-05, 1398/08/14

##### Actual recruitment start date

2019-10-20, 1398/07/28

##### Actual recruitment end date

2019-12-06, 1398/09/15

##### Trial completion date

2020-01-30, 1398/11/10

## Scientific title

Effect of Combined Training Course and Aloe Vera supplement on Renal Function and Lipid Profile of Patients with Type 2 Diabetes

## Public title

Effect of Combined Training Course and Aloe Vera supplement on Renal Function and Lipid Profile of Patients with Type 2 Diabetes

## Purpose

Supportive

## Inclusion/Exclusion criteria

### Inclusion criteria:

Criteria for inclusion in the study: - male gender. - Having type 2 diabetes as diagnosed by a doctor. - Age 40 to 60 years old. - Physical strength required to attend an exercise protocol for 2 months.

### Exclusion criteria:

Criteria for non-inclusion in the study were: - cardiovascular disease. - Asthma. - having a history of broken limbs. - The use of insulin. - complications of diabetes, including diabetic foot ulcers.

## Age

From **40 years** old to **60 years** old

## Gender

Male

## Phase

N/A

## Groups that have been masked

- Participant

## Sample size

Target sample size: **36**

Actual sample size reached: **24**

## Randomization (investigator's opinion)

Randomized

## Randomization description

Random allocation method was performed in the form of blocks with predetermined sizes so that the subjects were divided into equal numbers in the research groups in such a way that each subject was assigned a code and then based on a lottery were placed in research groups.

## Blinding (investigator's opinion)

Single blinded

## Blinding description

One of the Experimental groups of the study was the Exercise+Supplement group, which received the supplement in the form of a capsule along with the Exercise, and the second Experimental group was the Exercise group, which only exercised, and a capsule that looks like a supplement but contains It was Starch, it received.

## Placebo

Used

## Assignment

Parallel

## Other design features

## Secondary Ids

empty

## Ethics committees

### 1

#### Ethics committee

##### Name of ethics committee

Ethics committee of Zahedan University of Medical Sciences

##### Street address

Daneshgah Street, University of Sistan and Baluchestan

##### City

Zahedan

##### Province

Sistan-va-Balouchestan

##### Postal code

9816743463

##### Approval date

2019-03-10, 1397/12/19

##### Ethics committee reference number

IR.ZAUMS.REC.1397.512

## Health conditions studied

### 1

#### Description of health condition studied

Type 2 diabetes

#### ICD-10 code

E11.2

#### ICD-10 code description

Type 2 diabetes mellitus with kidney complications

## Primary outcomes

### 1

#### Description

Blood creatinine, The normal level of creatinine is 0.8 to 1.4 mg/dL. Females usually have a lower creatinine (0.6 to 1.2 mg/dL) than males, because they usually have less muscle mass. Creatinine is a by-product of normal muscle breakdown. Measuring the levels of creatinine in the bloodstream and in the urine can be helpful for tracking the progression of diabetic kidney disease.

#### Timepoint

Primary blood sampling was performed 24 hours before the start of exercise training protocol and final stage blood sampling was performed 48 hours after the last exercise training session.

#### Method of measurement

To measure serum creatinine, a technical creatinine assay kit made by Pars Azmoun Company, Iran, was used.

### 2

#### Description

Diabetes is associated with quantitative changes in the amount of circulating lipids - notably an reduction in HDL. Like other lipoproteins, HDL also undergoes significant qualitative changes in diabetes, in both

structure and function.

#### **Timepoint**

Measurement of serum lipoprotein HDL was performed in two stages, the first stage in the initial blood sampling, ie 24 hours before the start of exercise training protocol and the second stage in the final stage blood sampling, ie 48 hours after the last exercise session.

#### **Method of measurement**

To measure the concentration of HDL index (mg / dL), deposition method with bridging anions and divalent cations was used.

### **3**

#### **Description**

LDL cholesterol levels in people with diabetes are not higher than those in people without diabetes who are matched for age, sex, and body weight. In fact, the most common LDL cholesterol level in diabetes is “borderline high” (130-159 mg/dl).

#### **Timepoint**

Measurement of serum lipoprotein LDL was performed in two stages, the first stage in the initial blood sampling, ie 24 hours before the start of exercise training protocol and the second stage in the final stage blood sampling, ie 48 hours after the last exercise session.

#### **Method of measurement**

The Friedwall equation was used to measure the concentration of LDL (mg / dL).

### **4**

#### **Description**

Lipid abnormalities in patients with diabetes, that termed “diabetic dyslipidemia”, are typically characterized by high triglyceride (Tg).

#### **Timepoint**

Measurement of serum TG was performed in two stages, the first stage in the initial blood sampling, ie 24 hours before the start of exercise training protocol and the second stage in the final stage blood sampling, ie 48 hours after the last exercise session.

#### **Method of measurement**

Triglyceride index concentration (mg / dL) was measured enzymatically using a technical triglyceride assay kit made by Pars Azmoun and AutoAnalyzer (1000RA).

## **Secondary outcomes**

### **1**

#### **Description**

Determines of kidney disease level based on the presence of kidney damage and glomerular filtration rate (GFR), which is a measure of level of kidney function, as chronic kidney disease progresses, GFR number decreases.

#### **Timepoint**

The calculation of glomerular filtration of the subjects was done in two stages, the first stage in the initial blood sampling, ie 24 hours before the start of exercise training protocol and the second stage in the final stage

blood sampling, ie 48 hours after the last exercise session.

#### **Method of measurement**

Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) was also calculated from the following formula.  $eGFR = [186 \times (\text{serum creatinine} / 88.4) - 1.154] \times (\text{age}) - 0.203 \times (0.742)$ .

## **Intervention groups**

### **1**

#### **Description**

Control group: The subjects in this group did not do any exercise during the research period (6 weeks) and did not receive any supplements.

#### **Category**

Other

### **2**

#### **Description**

The second intervention group was the exercise group that during the research period (6 weeks, 3 days per week and 50-60 minutes every day), only did exercise. Combined exercise includes resistance exercises (2 turns of 12 repetitions of special resistance exercises for large muscle groups with an intensity of 70% of 1RM. Rest time between turns was 2 minutes) and aerobic exercise (2 turns of 10-minute runs with 70-75% of maximum heart rate on a treadmill). A polar heart rate monitor was used to control the desired heart rate. It is noteworthy that the exercises training took place from 5 to 6 p.m. Subjects performed static stretching and flexion movements before and after each training session to warm and cool the body.

#### **Category**

Other

### **3**

#### **Description**

Third intervention group: Exercise + supplement group. Subjects in this group performed combined exercises with the exercise group and, in addition, received 500 mg/day of aloe vera supplement (manufactured by Supernatural Canada) for 6 weeks during the study period.

#### **Category**

Other

## **Recruitment centers**

### **1**

#### **Recruitment center**

##### **Name of recruitment center**

Diabetes Clinic of Bu Ali Hospital, Zahedan

##### **Full name of responsible person**

Fatemeh Poudineh

##### **Street address**

Amir Al-Momenin St., Bouali Hospital

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## Sponsors / Funding sources

### 1

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dor\_kordi@yahoo.com  
**Grant name**  
**Grant code / Reference number**  
**Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?**  
Yes  
**Title of funding source**  
University of Sistan and Baluchestan  
**Proportion provided by this source**  
100  
**Public or private sector**  
Public  
**Domestic or foreign origin**  
Domestic  
**Category of foreign source of funding**  
*empty*  
**Country of origin**  
**Type of organization providing the funding**  
Academic

## Person responsible for general inquiries

#### Contact

**Name of organization / entity**  
Sistan and Baluchestan University  
**Full name of responsible person**  
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**Position**  
Assistant Professor  
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#### Other areas of specialty/work

Exercise Physiology

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## Person responsible for scientific inquiries

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## Person responsible for updating data

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**Sharing plan****Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Study Protocol**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Statistical Analysis Plan**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Informed Consent Form**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Clinical Study Report**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Analytic Code**

Not applicable

**Data Dictionary**

Not applicable

**Title and more details about the data/document**

Information about the main outcome can be shared.

**When the data will become available and for how long**

Possibility to access 05 months after printing the results.

**To whom data/document is available**

Researchers in academic institutions and industry

**Under which criteria data/document could be used**

No special conditions are considered

**From where data/document is obtainable**

Email address

**What processes are involved for a request to access data/document**

There is no specific process.

**Comments**