

# Clinical Trial Protocol

## Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

01 Jun 2026

### Comparison of Dexmedetomidine and Fentanyl as Adjuvant to intrathecal Ropivacaine in Lower Limb Orthopedic Procedures

#### Protocol summary

Maximum level of sensory block, Blood pressure, Heart rate, Oxygen saturation, Postoperative pain

#### Study aim

Comparison of the effect of adding dexmedetomidine or fentanyl to intrathecal ropivacaine on sensory and motor characteristics and analgesia after orthopedic lower limb surgery

#### Design

90 patients undergoing lower limb orthopedic surgery are divided into three groups by block randomization method. Patients in the three groups were injected with 4.5 ml of ropivacaine with 5 mg dexmedetomidine in 5 ml normal saline, 4.5 ml ropivacaine + 25 mg fentanyl in 5 ml normal saline and 4.5 ml ropivacaine 5%, respectively. Isobarics were administered in 5 cc normal saline every 15 minutes. Hemodynamic parameters, postoperative pain intensity every 15 minutes, and time to sensory and motor block arrival were also determined in three groups.

#### Settings and conduct

This study was performed on patients undergoing lower extremity orthopedic surgery at Alzahra Hospital, Isfahan, Iran. This study is a double blind study.

#### Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria include: Weight less than 100 kg and Candidate Orthopedic Lower Limb Surgery and patient consent to participate in the study. Exclusion criteria included: Chronic pain report lasting more than 6 months, drug or ropivacaine sensitivity, fentanyl and dexmedetomidine, prohibition of spinal anesthesia, history of long-term drug use, or NSAIDs, or disease It is chronic.

#### Intervention groups

In the first group: 4.5 ml ropivacaine 3% isobaric + 5 mg dexmedetomidine is injected in 0.5 cc normal saline. In the second group: 4.5 ml Ropivacaine 3% isobaric + 25 mg fentanyl is injected in 0.5 ml normal saline. In the third group: 4.5 ml ropivacaine 5% isobaric intrathecal is injected in 0.5 ml of normal saline.

#### Main outcome variables

Time to reach sensory block, Time to motor block,

#### General information

##### Reason for update

##### Acronym

##### IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20130311012782N41**

Registration date: **2020-03-03, 1398/12/13**

Registration timing: **prospective**

Last update: **2020-03-03, 1398/12/13**

Update count: **0**

##### Registration date

2020-03-03, 1398/12/13

##### Registrant information

##### Name

Ali Mehrabi kushki

##### Name of organization / entity

Isfahan University of Medical Sciences

##### Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

##### Phone

+98 31 3629 1510

##### Email address

mehrabi@mui.ac.ir

##### Recruitment status

**Recruitment complete**

##### Funding source

##### Expected recruitment start date

2020-04-02, 1399/01/14

##### Expected recruitment end date

2020-09-19, 1399/06/29

##### Actual recruitment start date

empty

##### Actual recruitment end date

empty

**Trial completion date**  
empty

**Scientific title**  
Comparison of Dexmedetomidine and Fentanyl as Adjuvant to intrathecal Ropivacaine in Lower Limb Orthopedic Procedures

**Public title**  
Comparison of the effect of adding dexmedetomidine or fentanyl to ropivacaine on sensory and motor characteristics and analgesia after orthopedic lower limb surgery

**Purpose**  
Prevention

**Inclusion/Exclusion criteria**  
**Inclusion criteria:**  
Weight less than 100 kg Patient undergoing lower extremity orthopedic surgery  
**Exclusion criteria:**  
Pregnancy History of addiction or smoking, drugs and alcohol liver disease cardiovascular disease Chronic pain report lasting more than 6 months Drug sensitivity or ropivacaine, fentanyl and dexmedetomidine contraindication of spinal anesthesia Long-term drug history or opioid and NSAIDs

**Age**  
From **18 years** old to **65 years** old

**Gender**  
Both

**Phase**  
3

**Groups that have been masked**

- Participant
- Investigator

**Sample size**  
Target sample size: **90**

**Randomization (investigator's opinion)**  
Randomized

**Randomization description**  
In this study, 90 patients undergoing lower limb orthopedic surgery were randomly divided into three groups of 30 each. Random allocation of patients between the three groups is done using random allocation software. At first the total sample size is entered into the software and then the number of study groups is entered. In software output, numbers 1 to 90 are randomly presented in three separate columns, according to which patients are divided into three groups according to the time of inclusion and as listed above to reach the required number in each group

**Blinding (investigator's opinion)**  
Double blinded

**Blinding description**  
The study was conducted in a double-blind manner and patients and researchers were uninformed with the type of drug administered. The drugs are drawn and coded on a similar syringe by an operating room staff member who is not involved in the study and provided to the plan administrator for injection.

**Placebo**  
Not used

**Assignment**  
Parallel

**Other design features**

**Secondary Ids**  
empty

## Ethics committees

### 1

#### Ethics committee

##### Name of ethics committee

Ethics committee of Isfahan University of Medical Sciences

##### Street address

Research faculty, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences, Hezar Jerib street, Isfahan

##### City

Isfahan

##### Province

Isfahan

##### Postal code

8434193474

#### Approval date

2020-01-19, 1398/10/29

#### Ethics committee reference number

IR.MUI.REC.1396.3.666

## Health conditions studied

### 1

#### Description of health condition studied

Sensory and motor nerve blocks

#### ICD-10 code

#### ICD-10 code description

## Primary outcomes

### 1

#### Description

Time to start sensory block

#### Timepoint

After the intrathecal injection of the anesthetic drug

#### Method of measurement

Sensory testing with no sensation of tingling with Nidel No. 23 is evaluated as subcutaneous stimulation.

## Secondary outcomes

### 1

#### Description

Blood pressure

#### Timepoint

Every 15 minutes during surgery and recovery

**Method of measurement**

Pulse Oximeter

**2****Description**

Heart rate

**Timepoint**

Every 15 minutes during surgery and recovery

**Method of measurement**

Pulse Oximeter

**3****Description**

postoperative pain

**Timepoint**

Every 15 minutes in recovery and every 2 hour in ward

**Method of measurement**

With using visual Analog Scale. The criterion is a line between zero to ten and zero in the sense of no pain and ten being the most severe equivalent of the pain experienced by the patient. With this concept, the patient is asked to indicate their current pain intensity on line.

**Intervention groups****1****Description**

Intervention group: injection of 4.5 ml ropivacaine% isobaric + 5 micg dexmedetomidine in 5 ml normal slain

**Category**

Prevention

**2****Description**

Intervention group: Injection of 4.5 ml of isobaric ropivacaine 3% + 25 mg fentanyl in 5 ml normal slain

**Category**

Prevention

**3****Description**

Intervention group: Injection of 4.5 ml isobaric ropivacaine 3% in 5 ml normal normal slain

**Category**

Prevention

**Recruitment centers****1****Recruitment center****Name of recruitment center**

Alzahra hospital

**Full name of responsible person**

Mohamad javad Hoseini

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Alzahra hospital, Sofeh street

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**Sponsors / Funding sources****1****Sponsor****Name of organization / entity**

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**Full name of responsible person**

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**Grant name****Grant code / Reference number****Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?**

Yes

**Title of funding source**

Esfahan University of Medical Sciences

**Proportion provided by this source**

100

**Public or private sector**

Public

**Domestic or foreign origin**

Domestic

**Category of foreign source of funding**

empty

**Country of origin****Type of organization providing the funding**

Academic

**Person responsible for general inquiries****Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Esfahan University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**

Mohamad javad Hoseini

**Position**

Resident of Anesthesiology

**Latest degree**

Specialist

**Other areas of specialty/work**

Anesthesiology

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**Person responsible for updating data****Contact****Name of organization / entity**

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**Position**

Statistical consultant

**Latest degree**

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**Other areas of specialty/work**

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**Sharing plan****Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Justification/reason for indecision/not sharing IPD**

The plan is owned by the government agency and cannot be shared.

**Study Protocol**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Statistical Analysis Plan**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Informed Consent Form**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Clinical Study Report**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Analytic Code**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Data Dictionary**

No - There is not a plan to make this available