

Clinical Trial Protocol

Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

09 Jun 2026

Evaluation of hemodynamic effects of bicarbonate infusion in hemorrhagic shock

Protocol summary

Study aim

Determination of hemodynamic effects of bicarbonate infusion in patients with hemorrhagic shock

Design

A Study of clinical trials with control groups, and parallel groups, single blind, randomized, phase 2 is on 40 patients. Software has been used for randomization

Settings and conduct

Patients who are candidates for orthopedic and spinal surgery at Sina Hospital in Tehran are randomly divided into two groups. This study is one blind, and patients are unaware of the type of intervention. Following bleeding during surgery more than 500 ml and systolic blood pressure of less than 100 mmHg, the bicarbonate infusion is started at a rate of 5 cc/min in the intervention group, blood transfusion began according to the results of blood gases and blood lactate levels. Control group: Instead of bicarbonate, serum Ringer's infusion is started and blood transfusion is begun according to the results of blood gases and blood lactate levels.

Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Inclusion Criteria: All patients with ASA I, II and III are candidates for orthopedic, neurosurgery, and vascular surgery. Their bleeding is more than 500 cc and after bleeding, they find a drop in blood pressure of less than 100 mm Hg and need a blood transfusion
Exclusion Criteria: All patients with liver dysfunction, lung disorders such as COPD, and increased ICP

Intervention groups

Intervention group: In this group, by increasing bleeding and lowering blood pressure, bicarbonate infusion begins. ABG, blood lactate, and blood pressure tests are performed and blood transfusions are given according to their results.
Control group: In this group, by increasing bleeding and lowering blood pressure, serum Ringer infusion begins. ABG, blood lactate, and blood pressure tests are performed and blood transfusions are given according to their results.

Main outcome variables

Blood pressure-Acidosis-Blood Lactate-

General information

Reason for update

Acronym

IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20130304012695N5**

Registration date: **2020-07-04, 1399/04/14**

Registration timing: **registered_while_recruiting**

Last update: **2020-07-04, 1399/04/14**

Update count: **0**

Registration date

2020-07-04, 1399/04/14

Registrant information

Name

mohammadreza khajavi

Name of organization / entity

Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

Phone

+98 21 6312 1220

Email address

khajavim@tums.ac.ir

Recruitment status

Recruitment complete

Funding source

Expected recruitment start date

2019-06-22, 1398/04/01

Expected recruitment end date

2020-09-20, 1399/06/30

Actual recruitment start date

empty

Actual recruitment end date

empty

Trial completion date

empty

Scientific title

Evaluation of hemodynamic effects of bicarbonate infusion in hemorrhagic shock

Public title

The effect of bicarbonate in increasing blood pressure in patients with hemorrhagic shock

Purpose

Treatment

Inclusion/Exclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria:

All patients whose bleeding is more than 500 cc systolic blood pressure lower than 100 mm patients with ASA I,II,III who are candidates for orthopedic Hip surgery, neurosurgery, and vascular surgery. patients required to receive blood transfusions, patients with hemorrhagic shock

Exclusion criteria:

All patients with liver dysfunction lung disorders such as COPD increased ICP Patients who do not agree to participate in this study

Age

From **18 years** old to **70 years** old

Gender

Both

Phase

2-3

Groups that have been masked

- Participant

Sample size

Target sample size: **40**

More than 1 sample in each individual

Number of samples in each individual: **3**

Hip joint surgery has a lot of bleeding. The bicarbonate infusion raised blood pressure

Randomization (investigator's opinion)

Randomized

Randomization description

To randomize patients with inclusion criteria Block balanced randomization is used. Before studying, one of the person who is not a member of the research team performs the randomization process by using Random generator software, forms four blocks for the intervention and control group. The complete cards of the four blocks are given to the head of the operating room, who is unaware of the study, in an envelope. A card is given to the patient after patient entrance to operating room.

Blinding (investigator's opinion)

Single blinded

Blinding description

The patient is unaware of the type of intervention

Placebo

Not used

Assignment

Parallel

Other design features

Secondary Ids

empty

Ethics committees

1

Ethics committee

Name of ethics committee

Ethics committee of .Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Street address

SinaHospital, ImamKhomeini st.

City

Tehran

Province

Tehran

Postal code

1136746911

Approval date

2019-06-11, 1398/03/21

Ethics committee reference number

IR.TUMS.MEDICINE.REC.1398.213

Health conditions studied

1

Description of health condition studied

hemorrhagic shock

ICD-10 code

R57.1

ICD-10 code description

Hypovolemic shock

2

Description of health condition studied

Acidosis

ICD-10 code

E87.2

ICD-10 code description

Acidosis

Primary outcomes

1

Description

Lactic Acidosis

Timepoint

At the end of surgery

Method of measurement

Vein blood sample mg/dl

2

Description

blood pressure changes

Timepoint

After the start of bicarbonate or serum at minutes 3-6-9

12-15

Method of measurement

Through the artier line with Lidco device /mmgh

Secondary outcomes

1

Description

blood acidosis

Timepoint

At the end of transfusion

Method of measurement

Arterial blood sample

Intervention groups

1

Description

Intervention group: Patients who has blood loss more than 500 cc during surgery within 20 minutes and have a systolic blood pressure less than 100 mm Hg, sodium bicarbonate infusion started at a rate of 5 cc / minute intravenously and continue until the systolic blood pressure reaches 100 mm Hg, then reduce the rate of bicarbonate to 2 cc/ minute. If the bleeding increases to the tolerable limit level, in each patient transfusion is started. At the end of the transfusion and stop the bleeding, a blood sample is sent to measure blood gases and lactic acid in the blood.

Category

Treatment - Drugs

2

Description

Control group: Patients who has blood loss more than 500 cc during surgery within 20 minutes and have a systolic blood pressure less than 100 mm Hg, Serum Ringer infusion starts at 15 ml / min. If the pressure does not rise after 10 minutes, the Nor adrenaline infusion begins. If the bleeding increases to the tolerable limit level in each patient, transfusion will start. At the end of the transfusion and stop the bleeding, a blood sample is sent to measure blood gases and lactic acid in the blood.

Category

Treatment - Drugs

Recruitment centers

1

Recruitment center

Name of recruitment center

Sina Hospital

Full name of responsible person

Mohammad Reza Khajavi

Street address

Sina Hospital Hassan Abad sq, em mam khomini st.

City

Tehran

Province

Tehran

Postal code

1136746911

Phone

+98 21 6634 8555

Fax

+98 21 6634 8551

Email

khajavim@tums.ac.ir

Sponsors / Funding sources

1

Sponsor

Name of organization / entity

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Mohammad Ali Sahraeian

Street address

Central Building of Tehran University of Medical Sciences: No. 226, Qods St., Keshavarz Blvd., Tehran, Iran

City

Tehran

Province

Tehran

Postal code

1417653761

Phone

+98 21 8163 3685

Email

vcr@tums.ac.ir

Grant name

Grant code / Reference number

Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?

Yes

Title of funding source

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Proportion provided by this source

100

Public or private sector

Public

Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

Category of foreign source of funding

empty

Country of origin

Type of organization providing the funding

Academic

Person responsible for general inquiries

Contact

Name of organization / entity

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Mohammadreza Khajavi

Position

Professor

Latest degree

Specialist

Other areas of specialty/work

Anesthesiology

Street address

Sina hospital Imam Khomeini st.

City

Tehran

Province

Tehran

Postal code

1136746911

Phone

+98 21 6312 1220

Fax

+98 21 6312 0000

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Tehran

Province

Tehran

Postal code

1136746911

Phone

+98 21 6312 0000

Fax

+98 21 6634 8553

Email

khajavim@tums.ac.ir

Web page address**Person responsible for scientific inquiries****Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Mohammad Reza Khajavi

Position

Professor

Latest degree

Specialist

Other areas of specialty/work

Anesthesiology

Street address

Sina hospital, Imam khomeni St

City

Tehran

Province

Tehran

Postal code

1136746911

Phone

+98 21 6312 0000

Fax

+98 21 6634 8553

Email

KHAGAVIM@TUMS.AC.IR

Web page address**Person responsible for updating data****Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Mohammad Reza Khajavi

Position

Professor

Sharing plan**Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Study Protocol

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Statistical Analysis Plan

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Informed Consent Form

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Clinical Study Report

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Analytic Code

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Data Dictionary

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Title and more details about the data/document

All information used for this research can be shared after unidentified the identity of patients. Also, statistical information, information analysis, study method, findings and conclusions can be shared.

When the data will become available and for how long

Starting access after accepting by a valid scientific journal and publishing it

To whom data/document is available

For academic researchers and in the field of science

Under which criteria data/document could be used

All researchers can use all published material and if all or part of this research is published by other people, the name and source of this research and its researchers should be mentioned.

From where data/document is obtainable

Dr. Mohammad Reza Khajavi Email: khajavim@tums.ac.ir

What processes are involved for a request to access data/document

The applicant can request the type of files by email.

Comments