

Clinical Trial Protocol

Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

16 Sep 2026

Comparison of the effect of gabapentin with placebo in reducing acute pain in patients with renal colic referred to Sina Hospital emergency department

Protocol summary

Study aim

Evaluation of the effectiveness of gabapentin in the control of renal colic pain Evaluation of the effectiveness of gabapentin in reducing opioid use in controlling acute renal colic pain

Design

Clinical trial with control group, with parallel groups, double-blind, randomized, phase 3 on 80 patients. Excel software rand function is used for refinement.

Settings and conduct

Among number of patients who referred to the emergency department of Sina Hospital in Tehran due to renal colic pain, after examining the inclusion and exclusion criteria, one group is given 30 mg of ketorolac with 600 mg of gabapentin and the other group is given 30 mg of ketorolac with placebo.(Students and caregivers are blind)The severity of pain at the time of admission and after every 5 minutes is assessed by visual analogue scale. If the pain is severe and the patient's condition is normal, 0.05mg/kg of Morphine is added to the treatment as a rescue until the patient's pain falls below 5.

Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Entry requirements : Patients aged 18-85 years with moderate to severe acute renal colic pain; Obtaining informed written consent from the patient Exit conditions: Patients with: History of severe kidney failure; History of moderate to severe liver failure; History of allergic reactions to gabapentin or its formulation components; Consumption of pregabalin and gabapentin during the last week Intolerance to food; Dissatisfaction with entering the study; Unknown lung disease or history of lung failure in the field of COPD or fibrosis of the lung

Intervention groups

We have two intervention groups. Intervention group 1: Gabapentin group (600 mg) which contains two 300 mg gabapentin capsules. Second intervention group: placebo

group which contains two capsules of flour.

Main outcome variables

How long it takes to control pain, pain at discharge, and the sum of the need for drugs

General information

Reason for update

Acronym

IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20200322046833N2**

Registration date: **2021-05-22, 1400/03/01**

Registration timing: **registered_while_recruiting**

Last update: **2021-05-22, 1400/03/01**

Update count: **0**

Registration date

2021-05-22, 1400/03/01

Registrant information

Name

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Name of organization / entity

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Recruitment status

Recruitment complete

Funding source

Expected recruitment start date

2021-05-22, 1400/03/01

Expected recruitment end date

2021-11-22, 1400/09/01

Actual recruitment start date

empty

Actual recruitment end date
empty

Trial completion date
empty

Scientific title
Comparison of the effect of gabapentin with placebo in reducing acute pain in patients with renal colic referred to Sina Hospital emergency department

Public title
Evaluation of the effectiveness of gabapentin in the control of renal colic pain

Purpose
Treatment

Inclusion/Exclusion criteria
Inclusion criteria:
Patients aged 18-85 years with moderate to severe acute renal colic pain Obtaining informed written consent from the patient
Exclusion criteria:
History of severe kidney failure History of moderate to severe liver failure History of allergic reactions to gabapentin or its formulation components Consumption of pregabalin and gabapentin during the last week Intolerance to food Dissatisfaction with entering the study History of unknown lung disease or history of pulmonary insufficiency in COPD or fibrosis of the lung

Age
From **18 years** old to **85 years** old

Gender
Both

Phase
3

Groups that have been masked

- Participant
- Care provider
- Outcome assessor

Sample size
Target sample size: **80**

Randomization (investigator's opinion)
Randomized

Randomization description
Randomization is done by block randomization method, with block size of 8. As we have 5 blocks of 8 as follows: aaaabbbb .1 aaabbbba .2 aabbaabb .3 aabbabab .4 abababab .5 And 80 patient cases that will be divided into 10 groups of 8. Each of these groups will be randomly assigned the number one of the blocks and then we will act based on training a and b of that block for the patient. (a and b are one drug group and the other is a placebo group to which the student is blind)

Blinding (investigator's opinion)
Double blinded

Blinding description
In this study, participants and students, as clinical caregivers and outcome assessors, are blind. Gabapentin capsules are placed in larger capsules and the empty space is filled with flour. Placebo capsules are similar to the capsules of the drug group, but are filled with flour.

The names a and b are then randomly assigned to the capsule bag of the drug and placebo, and only the researcher will know the nature of the drug or the placebo a and b.

Placebo
Used

Assignment
Parallel

Other design features

Secondary Ids
empty

Ethics committees

1

Ethics committee
Name of ethics committee
Ethics committee of Tehran university of medical sciences
Street address
Tehran university of medical sciences, Enghelab Ave, Enghelab square, Tehran
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Tehran
Postal code
۱۴۱۷۶۱۴۴۱۱

Approval date
2021-01-11, 1399/10/22

Ethics committee reference number
IR.TUMS.TIPS.REC.1399.154

Health conditions studied

1

Description of health condition studied
Acute renal colic pain

ICD-10 code
N23

ICD-10 code description
Unspecified renal colic

Primary outcomes

1

Description
The average pain intensity at 4 o'clock

Timepoint
Measurement of pain intensity at the time of patient admission and then every 5 minutes after drug administration and finally 4 and 8 hours after drug administration

Method of measurement
Ask the patient how much pain using the Visual Analogue Scale method

Secondary outcomes

1

Description

The average amount of morphine consumed in each group

Timepoint

At the time of the patient's arrival and every 5 minutes after the drug is administered, morphine is added to the treatment as rescue if the pain is severe (pain above 7 out of 10).

Method of measurement

Sum of the amount of morphine consumed from the moment of arrival until the patient is discharged

2

Description

Mean pain control time

Timepoint

From the moment the patient arrives until discharge

Method of measurement

From ketorolac injection to pain control below 5, no narcotics (at least 3 hours after the last narcotics) or discharge

Intervention groups

1

Description

Intervention group: Ketorolac with a dose of 30 mg and gabapentin from Mehr Daroo Pharmaceutical Company, two capsules with a dose of 300 mg and morphine with a dose of 0.05 mg per kg by titration method

Category

Treatment - Drugs

2

Description

Control group: Ketorolac with a dose of 30 mg, placebo two capsules containing flour and morphine with a dose of 0.05 mg per kg by titration method

Category

Placebo

Recruitment centers

1

Recruitment center

Name of recruitment center

Sina hospital

Full name of responsible person

Farhad Najmeddin

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Sina hospital, Hassan-abad square, Tehran

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Sponsors / Funding sources

1

Sponsor

Name of organization / entity

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

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Grant name

Grant code / Reference number

Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?

Yes

Title of funding source

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Proportion provided by this source

100

Public or private sector

Public

Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

Category of foreign source of funding

empty

Country of origin

Type of organization providing the funding

Academic

Person responsible for general inquiries

Contact

Name of organization / entity

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Farhad Najmeddin

Position

Assistant Professor

Latest degree

Subspecialist

Other areas of specialty/work

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Sharing plan**Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Study Protocol

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Statistical Analysis Plan

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Informed Consent Form

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Clinical Study Report

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Analytic Code

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Data Dictionary

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Title and more details about the data/document

Clinical results will be published through an original article and All other data will be available on request

When the data will become available and for how long

Up to 5 years after publishing the clinical results

To whom data/document is available

Researchers and ethics committee

Under which criteria data/document could be used

Ethical evaluation and review articles without financial conflicts of interest.

From where data/document is obtainable

Responsible Researcher Dr farhadnajmeddin by the following email f-najmeddin@tums.ac.ir

What processes are involved for a request to access data/document

Data will be available within 2 weeks after the email check. The email should include the Conflict of interest disclosure

Comments