

Clinical Trial Protocol

Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

11 Jun 2026

The effect of Fumaria Parviflora hydro-alcoholic extract on lipid profile, blood glucose indices, inflammatory factors, oxidative stress indices, and liver enzymes in patients with type 2 diabetes under a low-calorie diet

Protocol summary

Study aim

Determination of the effect of hydro-alcoholic fumaria Parviflora extract on lipid profile, blood glucose indices, inflammatory factors, oxidative stress indices, in patients with type 2 diabetes under a low-calorie diet

Design

The study will be performed as a double-blind randomized controlled clinical trial on 66 patients aged 2 to 6 years with type 2 diabetes. The RAS program is used for randomization.

Settings and conduct

This study will be performed on patients with type 2 diabetes in the age range of 20-65 years in the endocrinology department of Imam Reza Hospital in Tabriz.

Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

inclusion criteria : 1. Patients who agree to participate
2. Women aged 20 to 50 years and men 20 to 65 years,
3. BMI range between 25 and 40 kg /m², 4. Using blood-sugar-lowering drugs. Exclusion criteria : 1. Reluctance to participate in the study, 2. Insulin injection, 3. Use any nutritional supplements such as omega-3. Supplements or supplements that have anti-inflammatory and antioxidant properties in the past 3 months or during the study, 4. Liver and kidney failure and thyroid disease, 5. Smoking and alcohol consumption, 6. Patients using NSAIDs, corticosteroids, thiazide, and second-generation antipsychotics, 7. Pregnancy and desire to conceive during the study, 8. Intestinal and gastrointestinal diseases and eating disorders

Intervention groups

The intervention group will receive 550 mg hydroalcoholic extract of Fumaria parviflora once a day and one hour after breakfast, and the other group will receive 550 mg placebo capsules (cornstarch) one hour after breakfast.

Main outcome variables

Evaluation of the effect of hydro-alcoholic extract of fumaria Parviflora on lipid profile, blood glucose indices, inflammatory factors, oxidative stress indices, in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus of a low-calorie diet, (BCL-2, Nrf-2, BAX, Nf-kB, MCP-1) gene expression

General information

Reason for update

Adding new factors (gene expression)

Acronym

IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20130610013612N11**

Registration date: **2021-09-23, 1400/07/01**

Registration timing: **registered_while_recruiting**

Last update: **2024-01-01, 1402/10/11**

Update count: **1**

Registration date

2021-09-23, 1400/07/01

Registrant information

Name

Farzad Najafipour

Name of organization / entity

Tabriz University of Medical Sciences

Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

Phone

+98 41 1335 7850

Email address

najafipourf@tbzmed.ac.ir

Recruitment status

Recruitment complete

Funding source

Expected recruitment start date

2021-08-23, 1400/06/01

Expected recruitment end date

2021-11-21, 1400/08/30

Actual recruitment start date

empty

Actual recruitment end date

empty

Trial completion date

empty

Scientific title

The effect of Fumaria Parviflora hydro-alcoholic extract on lipid profile, blood glucose indices, inflammatory factors, oxidative stress indices, and liver enzymes in patients with type 2 diabetes under a low-calorie diet

Public title

Effects of Fumaria Parviflora on diabetic patients

Purpose

Supportive

Inclusion/Exclusion criteria**Inclusion criteria:**

Patients who agree to participate in the study Women aged 20 to 50 years (non-menopausal) and men 20 to 65 years BMI range between 25 and 40 kg /m² ; Having type 2 diabetes for at least 6 months while taking blood sugar-lowering drugs (metformin and thiazolidine)

Exclusion criteria:

Reluctance to participate in the study Insulin injection Use any nutritional supplements such as omega-3 supplements or supplements that have anti-inflammatory and antioxidant properties in the past 3 months or during the study Liver and kidney failure and thyroid diseases Smoking and alcohol consumption Patients using NSAIDs, corticosteroids (prednisone, prednisolone, and hydrocortisone), thiazide (furosemide and hydrochlorothiazide), and second-generation antipsychotics (olanzapine and clozapine). Pregnancy and desire to conceive during the study Intestinal and gastrointestinal diseases and eating disorders

Age

From **20 years** old to **65 years** old

Gender

Both

Phase

3

Groups that have been masked

- Participant
- Investigator

Sample size

Target sample size: **66**

Randomization (investigator's opinion)

Randomized

Randomization description

In the current study, we will apply block randomization, one type of restricted randomization. Blocking is usually used to make a balance in the number of assigned samples to each studies group. This characteristic helps researchers in assigning an equal number of samples to each group, in cases that middle analyses are needed during the sampling process. The size of all the blocks is equal and in this two-group experiment, we will have 6

blocks (including 3 participants in the intervention group and 3 participants in the control group). Randomization tool also uses random allocation software that these random sequence generation software in addition to simple randomization are able to generate a random sequence by blocking method. For concealment, we use concealment allocation, which is the method used to execute a random sequence on study participants, so that the assigned group is not known before the individual is assigned. Using sealed opaque envelopes with random sequences (envelopes opaque, sealed, numbered sequentially) in which in this method each of the random sequences created is recorded on a card, and the cards inside the envelopes are placed in order. In order to maintain a random sequence, the envelopes are numbered in the same way on the outer surface. Finally, the lids of the letter envelopes are glued and placed in a box, respectively. At the beginning of the registration of participants, based on the order of entry of eligible participants into the study, one of the envelopes is opened in order and the assigned group of the participant is revealed.

Blinding (investigator's opinion)

Double blinded

Blinding description

To reduce the bias or bias related to the intervention and the evaluation of outcomes, the double-blind method is used. In this way, the outcome can be measured objectively. In this method, the trial is planned in such a way that the participant and the researcher do not realize which of the two control or test groups they belong to.

Placebo

Used

Assignment

Parallel

Other design features**Secondary Ids**

empty

Ethics committees**1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Ethics committee of Tabriz University of Medical Sciences

Street address

Tabriz University of Medical Sciences, Daneshgah Sq.

City

Tabriz

Province

East Azarbaijan

Postal code

5166614711

Approval date

2021-07-26, 1400/05/04

Ethics committee reference number

IR.TBZMED.REC.1400.378

Health conditions studied

1

Description of health condition studied

Type 2 diabetic patients

ICD-10 code

E08

ICD-10 code description

Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition

Primary outcomes

1

Description

Total cholesterol

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood Test

2

Description

Triglyceride

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood Test

3

Description

high-density lipoprotein

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood Test

4

Description

low-density lipoprotein

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood Test

5

Description

atherogenic index of plasma

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood Test

6

Description

Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood Test

7

Description

interleukin 6

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood Test

8

Description

Intercellular Adhesion Molecule 1

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood Test

9

Description

Total antioxidant capacity

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood tests

10

Description

Malondialdehyde

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood tests

11

Description

glutathione peroxidase

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood tests

12

Description

Superoxide dismutase

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood tests

13

Description

Catalase

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Blood tests

14

Description

MCP-1 gene expression

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Measurement of gene expression by RT-PCR method

15

Description

Nf-kB gene expression

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Measurement of gene expression by RT-PCR method

16

Description

BAX gene expression

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Measurement of gene expression by RT-PCR method

17

Description

Nrf-2 gene expression

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Measurement of gene expression by RT-PCR method

18

Description

BCL-2 gene expression

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Measurement of gene expression by RT-PCR method

Secondary outcomes

1

Description

Anthropometric indices

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Body composition measuring device

2

Description

Anthropometric indices (Weight, Height, BMI, Waist

circumference, Hip circumference, Waist to Hip Ratio)

Timepoint

Baseline and 2 months after the intervention

Method of measurement

Physical exam

Intervention groups

1

Description

Intervention group: receives 550 mg daily of hydro-alcoholic extract of fumaria Parviflora for 2 months

Category

Treatment - Other

2

Description

Control group: receive 550 mg daily of placebo consisting of cornstarch for 2 months

Category

Placebo

Recruitment centers

1

Recruitment center

Name of recruitment center

Tabriz Imam Reza Hospital

Full name of responsible person

Dr. Farzad Najafipour

Street address

Department of Endocrinology, Imam Reza Hospital, Tabriz University of Medical Sciences, Golgasht Street, Tabriz

City

Tabriz

Province

East Azarbaijan

Postal code

5166614756

Phone

+98 41 3335 7850

Email

Farzadnajafipour@gmail.com

Sponsors / Funding sources

1

Sponsor

Name of organization / entity

Tabriz University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Dr. Mohammad Samiei

Street address

Vice chancellor for Research, Tabriz University of Medical Sciences, Golgasht Street, Tabriz

City

Tabriz

Province

East Azarbaijan

Postal code

5166614756

Phone

+98 41 3335 7310

Email

research-vice@tbzmed.ac.ir

Grant name**Grant code / Reference number****Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?**

Yes

Title of funding source

Tabriz University of Medical Sciences

Proportion provided by this source

100

Public or private sector

Public

Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

Category of foreign source of funding*empty***Country of origin****Type of organization providing the funding**

Academic

Person responsible for general inquiries**Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Tabriz University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Dr. Farzad Najafipour

Position

Associate professor

Latest degree

Subspecialist

Other areas of specialty/work

Endocrinology and Metabolism

Street addressDepartment of Endocrinology, Imam Reza Hospital,
Tabriz University of Medical Sciences, Golgasht
Street, Tabriz**City**

Tabriz

Province

East Azarbaijan

Postal code

5166614756

Phone

+98 41 3335 7850

Email

Farzadnajafipour@gmail.com

Person responsible for scientific inquiries**Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Tabriz University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Dr. Frazad Najafipour

Position

Endocrinologist / Assistant Professor

Latest degree

Subspecialist

Other areas of specialty/work

Endocrinologist

Street addressImam Reza Hospital, Endocrinology and Metabolism
Department**City**

Tabriz

Province

East Azarbaijan

Postal code

5166614766

Phone

+98 914 107 8522

Email

najafipourf@tbzmed.ac.ir

Person responsible for updating data**Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Tabriz University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Arash Karimi

Position

Student

Latest degree

Master

Other areas of specialty/work

Nutrition

Street address

Tabriz University of Medical Sciences, Daneshgah Sq.

City

Tabriz

Province

East Azarbaijan

Postal code

5166614766

Phone

+98 903 451 0010

Email

karimi.ara1990@gmail.com

Sharing plan**Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Justification/reason for indecision/not sharing IPD

There is no more information

Study ProtocolUndecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to
make this available**Statistical Analysis Plan**Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to
make this available**Informed Consent Form**Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to
make this available

Clinical Study Report

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Analytic Code

Not applicable

Data Dictionary

Not applicable