

# Clinical Trial Protocol

## Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

06 Jun 2026

### External perforating osteotomy in rhinoplasty comparing ultrasonic cut vs traditional osteotome: A preliminary randomized crossover clinical trial

#### Protocol summary

##### Study aim

If the complication of using piezoelectric surgery is reduced, it can replace the usual osteotomy.

##### Design

Randomised, clinical trial double blinded for patients and postoperative care and outcome assessment with parallel group on 26 patients.

##### Settings and conduct

26 patients in the maxillofacial surgery service of Imam Khomeini Hospital in Ahvaz at the end of rhinoplasty. They are randomly inserted into the piezo ostomy group (study group) or the 2 mm osteotomy group (control group). Each side that is ostomy with one method is ostomy with the other with another device. Lateral osteotomy will be performed externally through the skin using the instrument of choice without lifting the periosteum. And below the medial canthus will be given the skin and superficial muscle aponeurotic tissue (SMAS) and periosteum. Using a small Pizzo PZ3 pen head (Piezotome Acteon Group, Mérignac, France), it will be inserted through the incisions to reach the nasal bone.

##### Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Patient inclusion criteria: People over 18 years old  
Patients with broad dorsum  
Patient exclusion criteria:  
History of rhinoplasty nose deviation  
History of respiratory problems  
Patients with narrow duodenum

##### Intervention groups

All patients who meet these criteria are randomly assigned to the piezo osteotomy group (study group) or the 2 mm osteotomy group (control group). Then the priority of right or left osteotomy is randomly selected, but in the end the two groups must be the same in terms of the number of initial piezo or osteotomy and right and left. It should be noted that each side that was osteotomy with one method, the other side is osteotomy with another device.

##### Main outcome variables

Investigating the amount of bleeding, mucosal rupture,

ecchymosis, swelling, pain, skin scar and integrity of the nasal bone and the amount of bone spore in using of piezoelectric rhinoplasty

#### General information

##### Reason for update

##### Acronym

##### IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20220104053618N1**

Registration date: **2022-09-23, 1401/07/01**

Registration timing: **registered\_while\_recruiting**

Last update: **2022-09-23, 1401/07/01**

Update count: **0**

##### Registration date

2022-09-23, 1401/07/01

##### Registrant information

##### Name

Bahare Yaghoubi

##### Name of organization / entity

##### Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

##### Phone

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##### Recruitment status

**Recruitment complete**

##### Funding source

##### Expected recruitment start date

2022-09-17, 1401/06/26

##### Expected recruitment end date

2022-10-17, 1401/07/25

##### Actual recruitment start date

empty

##### Actual recruitment end date

empty

**Trial completion date**  
empty

**Scientific title**  
External perforating osteotomy in rhinoplasty comparing ultrasonic cut vs traditional osteotome: A preliminary randomized crossover clinical trial

**Public title**  
External perforating osteotomy in rhinoplasty with ultrasonic cut

**Purpose**  
Other

**Inclusion/Exclusion criteria**  
**Inclusion criteria:**  
age over 18 years old patients without any diseases  
**Exclusion criteria:**  
history of rhinoplasty deviation respiratory problems narrow dorsum

**Age**  
From **18 years** old to **40 years** old

**Gender**  
Both

**Phase**  
3

**Groups that have been masked**

- Participant
- Care provider
- Outcome assessor

**Sample size**  
Target sample size: **26**

**Randomization (investigator's opinion)**  
Randomized

**Randomization description**  
Randomization will be done in a simple and individual way. Before conducting the study on 26 patients, an envelope will be given to the patients, which will be related to the side of osteotomy with piezoelectric (right or left) and in order to be equal, interventions will be performed randomly in 13 cases on the right side and in the other 13 samples. It will be done on the left. And the envelope will be randomly given to the patient, and the surgeon will take the envelope from the patient in the operating room and based on that, he will perform the selected side with piezoelectric and the opposite side with a 2 mm osteotome. The piezo osteotomy side will compare the two sides.

**Blinding (investigator's opinion)**  
Double blinded

**Blinding description**  
Patients are selected and entered into the study without knowing which side was used for which of the two osteotomy methods, and all patients who meet the mentioned criteria are randomly admitted to the piezo osteotomy group (study group) or 2 mm osteotomy (control group). The person in charge of evaluating patients, clinical results and complications of surgery at the end of surgery and in subsequent follow-up is unaware of the grouping process and the type of osteotomy device on both sides.

**Placebo**  
Not used

**Assignment**  
Parallel

**Other design features**

## Secondary Ids

empty

## Ethics committees

### 1

#### Ethics committee

##### Name of ethics committee

Ethics committee of Ahvaz University of medical sciences

##### Street address

Golestan st. ,Ahvaz , Iran

##### City

Ahvaz

##### Province

Khuzestan

##### Postal code

6193673111

#### Approval date

2022-09-11, 1401/06/20

#### Ethics committee reference number

IR.AJUMS.REC.1401.252

## Health conditions studied

### 1

#### Description of health condition studied

nose deformity

#### ICD-10 code

Q30.9

#### ICD-10 code description

Congenital malformation of nose, unspecified

## Primary outcomes

### 1

#### Description

Eyelid ecchymosis

#### Timepoint

Comparison and examination of ecchymosis on two sides will be done on days 2, 3, 7, 30 after the operation

#### Method of measurement

Kara and Gökalan classification system for ecchymosis:  
grade 1: ecchymosis of the medial third of the upper or lower eyelid or both - grade 2: bruising of the medial two thirds of the upper or lower eyelid or both - grade 3: bruising of the entire length of the upper or lower eyelid or both

### 2

#### Description

eyelid edema

**Timepoint**

Comparison and examination of ecchymosis on two sides will be done on days 2, 3, 7, 30 after the operation

**Method of measurement**

Kara and Gökcalang's classification system for swelling: Grade 1: no pupil covering interference by Hagrid's eyelids - 2: little pupil covering by eyelid swelling - Grade 3: complete pupil covering by significant swelling of Hagrid's eyelids 4: complete closure of the eyes

**3**

**Description**

Subconjunctival hemorrhage

**Timepoint**

Comparison and examination of ecchymosis on two sides will be done on days 2, 3, 7, 30 after the operation.

**Method of measurement**

Classification system for open and Gökalan Subconjunctival hemorrhage: grade 1: presence of Subconjunctival hemorrhage up to 50% of the congeal surface - grade 2: presence of Subconjunctival hemorrhage with 90% of the congeal surface

**4**

**Description**

pain

**Timepoint**

Comparison and examination of ecchymosis on two sides will be done on days 2, 3, 7, 30 after the operation.

**Method of measurement**

Pain will be evaluated using a visual analog scale (VAS), in this way, the patient will be given a line marked from 0 to 10, and during three days, he will mark his pain level on the right and left side separately. It means that the number 0 indicates no pain and 10 is the highest value.

**5**

**Description**

bleeding

**Timepoint**

During the operation and immediately post operation

**Method of measurement**

visual

**6**

**Description**

scar

**Timepoint**

Skin scars will be evaluated one month after surgery.

**Method of measurement**

The two sides will be compared visually

**7**

**Description**

Force for the mobilization of nasal bones

**Timepoint**

During operation

**Method of measurement**

Comparison of the amount of pressure required to mobilization of the nasal bones on two sides

**8**

**Description**

Uniformity of the osteotomized wall

**Timepoint**

During operation

**Method of measurement**

Absence of spores on touch

**9**

**Description**

mucosal injury

**Timepoint**

immediate post operation

**Method of measurement**

examined endoscopically

**10**

**Description**

Bruising and edema

**Timepoint**

Immediate Post operation

**Method of measurement**

Visually

**Secondary outcomes**

empty

**Intervention groups**

**1**

**Description**

Intervention group: Lateral osteotomy using Action piezoelectric device made in France on a sample of 26 person under general anesthesia after 7-10 minutes of injection of lidocaine containing adrenaline 1:100,000 randomly on one side with piezoelectric using a small angle pen head Dar PZ3 with washing 100 ml per minute and mode D2 externally through 2 2 mm skin incisions; The first incision will be made in the caudal area and the second incision will be made 8-10 mm more medial than the medial canthus without lifting the periosteum.

**Category**

Treatment - Surgery

**2**

**Description**

In the control side, the 2-mm wide sharp osteotomes was used on a sample of 26 person under general anesthesia after 7-10 minutes of injection of lidocaine containing adrenaline 1:100,000 randomly on the side opposite to the intervention side (for example, if osteotomy with piezo On the right side, the osteotomy will be performed with the traditional method on the left side and this

procedure will be performed randomly on both sides)  
with a traditional perforating technique.

**Category**

Treatment - Surgery

**Recruitment centers****1****Recruitment center****Name of recruitment center**

Imam Khomeini hospital

**Full name of responsible person**

Department of Maxillofacial Surgery, Imam Khomeini  
Hospital, Ahvaz

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Azadegan st, east sahelı Blvd., ahvaz

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**Sponsors / Funding sources****1****Sponsor****Name of organization / entity**

Ahvaz University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**

Dr. Mehrnoush Zakerkish

**Street address**

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**Web page address****Grant name****Grant code / Reference number****Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?**

Yes

**Title of funding source**

Ahvaz University of Medical Sciences

**Proportion provided by this source**

100

**Public or private sector**

Public

**Domestic or foreign origin**

Domestic

**Category of foreign source of funding**

empty

**Country of origin****Type of organization providing the funding**

Academic

**Person responsible for general inquiries****Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Ahvaz University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**

بهاره یعقوبی

**Position**

Resident of oral and maxillofacial surgery

**Latest degree**

Medical doctor

**Other areas of specialty/work**

Dentistry

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**Person responsible for scientific inquiries****Contact****Name of organization / entity**

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**Full name of responsible person**

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**Position**

Consultant, Professor, Associate professor

**Latest degree**

Specialist

**Other areas of specialty/work**

Dentistry

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## Person responsible for updating data

### Contact

**Name of organization / entity**

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**Full name of responsible person**

Mohammad Ghasabzadeh Naieni

**Position**

Consultant, Professor, Associate professor

**Latest degree**

Specialist

**Other areas of specialty/work**

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## Sharing plan

**Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

**Study Protocol**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Statistical Analysis Plan**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Informed Consent Form**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Clinical Study Report**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Analytic Code**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Data Dictionary**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Title and more details about the data/document**

This study will be approved by the university ethics committee and will receive an IRCT code. All patients after obtaining informed consent and explanation of the surgical approach and complications randomly entered into piezo stoma group (study group) or 2 mm osteotomy group (control group). all data and postoperative complications in two groups are compared and all of them will be examined on days 2, 3, 7, and 30 for pain, swelling, ecchymosis, subconjunctival hemorrhage, and skin scars on both sides of the face, as well as the integrity of the osteotomized lateral wall, the presence of residual deformity, and bone spur immediately post operation will be examined by palpation and mucosal tears and damage will be evaluated with an endoscope. All data can be published after analysis.

**When the data will become available and for how long**

The data access period is about 3 months after the patients' follow-up from December 1401.

**To whom data/document is available**

The data will be accessible to all researchers working in academic and educational institutions.

**Under which criteria data/document could be used**

These data can be used to compare rhinoplasty surgery with piezoelectric and the usual method and to use this approach. The analyzes performed on the data will be reported, which can be used for further studies.

**From where data/document is obtainable**

To receive the data, the researchers can contact with Dr. Kazem Saujblagachi Khiabani (Khiabani\_ak@yahoo.com) and the researcher, Dr. Bahare Yaghoobi (Bahar69.yaghoobi@gmail.com).

**What processes are involved for a request to access data/document**

After receiving the applicant's email, the data will be available to researchers within three days.

**Comments**