

Clinical Trial Protocol

Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

04 Jun 2026

Comparison of diclofenac suppository with topical lidocaine procaine ointment in controlling episiotomy site pain in primiparous women

Protocol summary

Study aim

Comparison of Diclofenac suppository with Lidocaine Procaine ointment in controlling episiotomy pain in primiparous women of Kowsar hospital

Design

Clinical trial two arm parallel groups randomised phase 3 on 120 patients. Randomized block method (balanced block randomization) was used for randomization. The size of each block is 8 and the total number of blocks is 15.

Settings and conduct

In Kowsar Hospital, for group A, Diclofenac suppository 50mg and for group B, 2.5 % 2.5% topical Lidocaine-Procaine cream is used, repeated every 8 hours..If patient does not need she may not take the next dose. Pain severity is recorded immediately and 8,16,24 hours after delivery using VAS. Analgesic doses is recorded in both groups. If there is moderate to severe pain before the specified time, acetaminophen 500mg is added for patients, then need and frequency for additional analgesia use is recorded .After 24hour patients are asked about satisfaction and possible complications. Follow-up of pain intensity is done on the 3,7th day by phone

Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Inclusion;Primiparous women, age range 18-40 years, spontaneous onset of labor, singleton pregnancy, cephalic presentation of fetus ,mediolateral episiotomy in natural delivery Exclusion :postpartum hemorrhage, use of forceps and vacuum for delivery, manual removal of the placenta (corage), contraindications of NSAID, multiple rupture of the perineum

Intervention groups

In the delivery room, diclofenac 50mg suppository is used for group then repeated every eight hours according to the patient's need with a maximum dose of 150mg. In contrast, for group B, 2.5 % 2.5% topical lidocaine procaine cream is used immediately then repeated every eight hour

Main outcome variables

Number and dose of Diclofenac supp or lidocaine oint use,episiotomy site pain, need and number of additional painkillers

General information

Reason for update

Acronym

IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20220129053861N1**
Registration date: **2022-02-11, 1400/11/22**
Registration timing: **registered_while_recruiting**

Last update: **2022-02-11, 1400/11/22**

Update count: **0**

Registration date

2022-02-11, 1400/11/22

Registrant information

Name

Fatemeh Mirzapour

Name of organization / entity

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Iran (Islamic Republic of)

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Recruitment status

Recruitment complete

Funding source

Expected recruitment start date

2022-01-21, 1400/11/01

Expected recruitment end date

2023-04-21, 1402/02/01

Actual recruitment start date

empty

Actual recruitment end date

empty

Trial completion date

empty

Scientific title

Comparison of diclofenac suppository with topical lidocaine procaine ointment in controlling episiotomy site pain in primiparous women

Public title

Comparison of Diclofenac suppository and Lidocaine ointment in controlling episiotomy site pain

Purpose

Treatment

Inclusion/Exclusion criteria**Inclusion criteria:**

Primiparous women Age range 18-40 Spontaneous onset of labor Singleton pregnancy Cephalic presentation of fetus Mediolateral episiotomy in natural delivery

Exclusion criteria:

Postpartum hemorrhage Use of forceps and vacuum for childbirth Manual removal of placenta (placenta corage) Contraindications to Nonsteroidal Anti-inflammatory drugs Multiple perineal rupture

Age

From **18 years** old to **40 years** old

Gender

Female

Phase

3

Groups that have been masked

No information

Sample size

Target sample size: **120**

Randomization (investigator's opinion)

Randomized

Randomization description

Using random allocation software software, 120 patients are divided into A and B by balanced block randomization method. The size of each block is 8 and the total number of blocks is 15. There are 60 patients in each group. Therefore, the balanced randomization method for participants is used to study a randomized clinical trial to evaluate the effect of diclofenac suppository and lidocaine-procaine ointment in controlling episiotomy pain.

Blinding (investigator's opinion)

Not blinded

Blinding description**Placebo**

Not used

Assignment

Parallel

Other design features**Secondary Ids**

empty

Ethics committees**1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Ethics committee of Qazvin University of Medical Science

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Medicine faculty, Qazvin University of Medical Science, Bahonar Blvd, Qazvin

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Province

Qazvin

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Approval date

2021-09-19, 1400/06/28

Ethics committee reference number

IR.QUMS.REC.1400.266

Health conditions studied**1****Description of health condition studied**

Episiotomy pain control

ICD-10 code**ICD-10 code description****Primary outcomes****1****Description**

Severity of Episiotomy site pain

Timepoint

8,16,24 hour after episiotomy and then day 3 and 7 after episiotomy

Method of measurement

Visual analogue scale

2**Description**

Number of Diclofenac suppository use

Timepoint

8,16,24 hour after episiotomy then day 3,7

Method of measurement

Record the frequency of use of medications received

3**Description**

Number of Lidocaine Procaine Ointments use

Timepoint

8,16,24 hour after episiotomy then day 3,7

Method of measurement

Record the frequency of use of lidocaine procaine ointment

Secondary outcomes

1

Description

Frequency of use of additional analgesic

Timepoint

Before the specified time to receive the next dose of analgesia if patient needs

Method of measurement

Record frequency of additional analgesic use

2

Description

Patient satisfaction

Timepoint

Day 3,7 after episiotomy

Method of measurement

Ask patient by phone

Intervention groups

1

Description

Intervention group: Immediately after episiotomy Diclofenac suppository 50mg (Aboreyhan company) is used, then it is repeated every eight hours according to the patient's need with a maximum dose of 150 mg. If the patient does not need it and there is no pain, she can not receive the next dose and if additional painkillers are needed before the specified time, she can use Acetaminophen 500mg (shefa company)

Category

Treatment - Drugs

2

Description

Intervention group: Intervention group: For group B, immediately after delivery, 2.5 % 2.5% topical Lidocaine Procaine cream (Tehranchemie company) is used and then repeated every eight hours according to the patient's needs. The drug is given to the patient 8,16,24 hours later. If the patient does not need it and there is no pain, she can not receive the next dose of the drug. If she needs analgesia before the specified time, she can use acetaminophen 500 mg (shefa company)

Category

Treatment - Drugs

Recruitment centers

1

Recruitment center

Name of recruitment center

Kowsar hospital

Full name of responsible person

Fatemeh Mirzapour

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Sponsors / Funding sources

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Sponsor

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Grant name

Grant code / Reference number

Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?

Yes

Title of funding source

Qazvin University of Medical Sciences

Proportion provided by this source

100

Public or private sector

Public

Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

Category of foreign source of funding

empty

Country of origin

Type of organization providing the funding

Academic

Person responsible for general inquiries

Contact

Name of organization / entity

Qazvin University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Fatemeh Mirzapour

Position

Medical Intern
Latest degree
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Other areas of specialty/work
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Sharing plan

Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Study Protocol

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Statistical Analysis Plan

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Informed Consent Form

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Clinical Study Report

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Analytic Code

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Data Dictionary

No - There is not a plan to make this available

Title and more details about the data/document

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When the data will become available and for how long

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To whom data/document is available

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Under which criteria data/document could be used

.

From where data/document is obtainable

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What processes are involved for a request to access data/document

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Comments