

# Clinical Trial Protocol

## Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

28 May 2026

### Infiltration of Diphenhydramine versus subcutaneous Lidocaine at the wound site to reduce pain after open renal surgeries

#### Protocol summary

##### Study aim

Determination of analgesic effect of diphenhydramine injection on the edge of surgical wound after open renal surgery

##### Design

A clinical trial with the control group, with parallel groups, double-blind, randomized, phase 2-3 on 60 patients. Block randomization method was used for randomization.

##### Settings and conduct

This double-blind clinical trial will be conducted on 60 male-female patients who are candidates for open renal surgeries with flank incision at Sina Hospital in Tehran. The patients are divided into two groups by Block balanced randomization. This study is double blind clinical trial. Outcome analyser , the outcome evaluator and the participant are blinded (double blind).

##### Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria: patients candidate for open renal surgery , Patients who consent to participate in the study. Exclusion criteria: History of allergy to lidocaine or diphenhydramine,History of sleep apnea, history of drug addiction,or other psychedelic drugs,History of acute drug or alcohol intoxication, history of psychological disorder

##### Intervention groups

Intervention group 10 ml of normal saline containing 10 mg/ml diphenhydramine is injected into the edge of the surgical wound under the skin before the wound is completely closed. control group:10 ml of normal saline containing 10/ml mg lidocaine is injected at the edge of the surgical wound under the skin before the wound is completely closed.

##### Main outcome variables

Acute Postoperative Pain, Agitation and Sedation degree, The first time requires analgesia after surgery, The total amount of analgesic consumption after surgery

#### General information

##### Reason for update

##### Acronym

##### IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20130304012695N13**

Registration date: **2022-07-08, 1401/04/17**

Registration timing: **prospective**

Last update: **2022-07-08, 1401/04/17**

Update count: **0**

##### Registration date

2022-07-08, 1401/04/17

##### Registrant information

##### Name

mohammadreza khajavi

##### Name of organization / entity

##### Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

##### Phone

+98 21 6312 1220

##### Email address

khajavim@tums.ac.ir

##### Recruitment status

**Recruitment complete**

##### Funding source

##### Expected recruitment start date

2022-07-11, 1401/04/20

##### Expected recruitment end date

2023-06-20, 1402/03/30

##### Actual recruitment start date

empty

##### Actual recruitment end date

empty

##### Trial completion date

empty

##### Scientific title

Infiltration of Diphenhydramine versus subcutaneous Lidocaine at the wound site to reduce pain after open renal surgeries

#### Public title

Comparison of Diphenhydramine injection at wound edge and lidocaine In reducing pain after open kidney surgery

#### Purpose

Treatment

#### Inclusion/Exclusion criteria

##### Inclusion criteria:

Patients who have the consent to participate in the study  
Patients who are candidates for open kidney surgery

##### Exclusion criteria:

History of allergies to the drugs used  
History of sleep Apnea  
History of addiction to drugs or other psychotropic substances  
History of acute drug or alcohol poisoning  
History of psychological disorder

#### Age

From **20 years** old to **70 years** old

#### Gender

Both

#### Phase

2-3

#### Groups that have been masked

- Participant
- Care provider
- Outcome assessor
- Data analyser

#### Sample size

Target sample size: **60**

#### Randomization (investigator's opinion)

Randomized

#### Randomization description

In order to randomize, a random block method will be used. For this purpose, we formed blocks of size 4. In each block, 2 individuals will be in intervention group 1 and 2 will be in intervention group 2. A total of 20 blocks will be considered for the study. All possible blocks are arranged as follows: block 1: ABAB block 2: AABB block 3: ABBA block 4: BBAA block 5: BABA block 6: BAAB We need 20 blocks to select 80 people. We randomly select these blocks from 1 to 6. Using the software, we choose a random number between the numbers 1 to 6. For example, if the number 6 is selected as the first block and the number 2 as the second block, the people who enter the study will be given BAABAABB, respectively. Finally, group A receives control intervention and group B receives treatment intervention.

#### Blinding (investigator's opinion)

Double blinded

#### Blinding description

In this study, patients do not know their group. Eligible participants were assigned to receive either lidocaine (group L) or diphenhydramine as (group D) according to a computer-generated randomization schedule. These medications are prepared in identical syringes and volumes and are identified with the patient name and hospital registration number. At the end of the surgery, these drugs are given to the surgeon for injection, who is blinded to the allocation groups. Another researcher who

is blinded to the assigned group will assess the severity of pain in the recovery room and ward.

#### Placebo

Not used

#### Assignment

Parallel

#### Other design features

### Secondary Ids

empty

### Ethics committees

#### 1

##### Ethics committee

###### Name of ethics committee

Research Ethics Committees of Sina Hospital ,Tehran  
University of Medical Sciences

###### Street address

Sinai Hospital, Imam Khomeini street

###### City

Tehran

###### Province

Tehran

###### Postal code

1136746911

##### Approval date

2022-06-01, 1401/03/11

##### Ethics committee reference number

IR.TUMS.SINAHOSPITAL.REC.1401.025

### Health conditions studied

#### 1

##### Description of health condition studied

local anesthetic effect of diphenhydramine

##### ICD-10 code

##### ICD-10 code description

### Primary outcomes

#### 1

##### Description

Acute Postoperative Pain

##### Timepoint

In recovery room and 1,6,12,18 and 24 hours after surgery

##### Method of measurement

Visual Analog Scale(VAS score)

#### 2

##### Description

Agitation and Sedation degree

##### Timepoint

In recovery room and 1,6,12,18 and 24 hours after surgery

##### Method of measurement

**3****Description**

When was the first need for analgesics

**Timepoint**

During 6 hours after surgery

**Method of measurement**

In terms of time per minute, and according to the first time after extubation of patients, the analgesic is injected.

**4****Description**

Total analgesics consumption during the first 24 hr after surgery

**Timepoint**

One time at the end of the first 24 hours after operation

**Method of measurement**

According to the patient file and nursing report

**Secondary outcomes**

empty

**Intervention groups****1****Description**

Intervention group: 10 ml of normal saline, which contains Diphenhydramine (rahapharm company )10 milligrams per milliliter, is prepared with the help of an anesthesiologist according to the patient's grouping, and the surgeon injects it under the skin before completely closing the wound on both sides of the wound edge. After wound closure and endotracheal tube extubation, the patient was transferred to the recovery room, and data about the study variables is collected in the recovery and ward section. If patients have severe pain, morphine (made by Caspian Tamin) will be used for postoperative analgesia.

**Category**

Treatment - Drugs

**2****Description**

Control group: 10 ml of normal saline, which contains Lidocaine (made by Caspian Tamin company )10 milligrams per milliliter, is prepared with the help of an anesthesiologist according to the patient's grouping, and the surgeon injects it under the skin before completely closing the wound on both sides of the wound edge. After wound closure and endotracheal tube extubation, the patient was transferred to the recovery room, and data about the study variables is collected in the recovery and ward section. If patients have severe pain, morphine (made by Caspian Tamin company) will be used for postoperative analgesia.

**Category****Recruitment centers****1****Recruitment center****Name of recruitment center**

Sina Hospital

**Full name of responsible person**

Mohammad Reza Khajavi

**Street address**

Sina Hospital Imam khomeini st

**City**

Tehran

**Province**

Tehran

**Postal code**

1136746911

**Phone**

+98 21 6634 8550

**Email**

khajavim@tums.ac.ir

**Sponsors / Funding sources****1****Sponsor****Name of organization / entity**

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**

Akbar Fotouhi

**Street address**

Central building of Tehran University of Medical sciences, Ghods st., Keshavarz blv.

**City**

Tehran

**Province**

Tehran

**Postal code**

1417653761

**Phone**

+98 21 8163 3686

**Email**

vcr@tums.ac.ir

**Grant name****Grant code / Reference number****Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?**

Yes

**Title of funding source**

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

**Proportion provided by this source**

100

**Public or private sector**

Public

**Domestic or foreign origin**

Domestic

**Category of foreign source of funding**

empty

**Country of origin**

**Type of organization providing the funding**

Academic

**Person responsible for general inquiries****Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**

Mohammadreza Khajavi

**Position**

Professor

**Latest degree**

Specialist

**Other areas of specialty/work**

Anesthesiology

**Street address**

Sina Hospital, Imam Khomeini Street

**City**

Tehran

**Province**

Tehran

**Postal code**

1136746911

**Phone**

+98 21 6312 1220

**Fax**

+98 21 6312 0000

**Email**

khajavim@tums.ac.ir

**Person responsible for scientific inquiries****Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**

Mohammadreza Khajavi

**Position**

Professor

**Latest degree**

Specialist

**Other areas of specialty/work**

Anesthesiology

**Street address**

Sinai Hospital, Imam Khomeini Street

**City**

Tehran

**Province**

Tehran

**Postal code**

1136746911

**Phone**

+98 21 6312 1220

**Fax**

+98 21 6312 0000

**Email**

khajavim@tums.ac.ir

**Person responsible for updating data****Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**

Mohammadreza Khajavi

**Position**

Professor

**Latest degree**

Specialist

**Other areas of specialty/work**

Anesthesiology

**Street address**

Sinai Hospital, Imam Khomeini street

**City**

Tehran

**Province**

Tehran

**Postal code**

1136746911

**Phone**

+98 21 6312 1220

**Fax**

+98 21 6312 0000

**Email**

khajavim@tums.ac.ir

**Sharing plan****Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Study Protocol**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Statistical Analysis Plan**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Informed Consent Form**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Clinical Study Report**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Analytic Code**

Not applicable

**Data Dictionary**

Not applicable

**Title and more details about the data/document**

Main study outcome data

**When the data will become available and for how long**

Six months after the end of the study

**To whom data/document is available**

University researchers

**Under which criteria data/document could be used**

Share experiences to increase the knowledge

**From where data/document is obtainable**

khajavim@tums.ac.ir -Dr.khajavi

**What processes are involved for a request to access data/document**

The request will be made by email and the answer will be given within two months

**Comments**