

# Clinical Trial Protocol

## Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

28 Jun 2026

**A comparative study of the effect of a modified method of opioid dependence management with the current method proposed by the Ministry of Health and Medical Education of Iran, on satisfaction, craving and relapse in opioids users.**

### Protocol summary

#### Study aim

- Determining and comparing the frequency of discontinuation of treatment in the two groups
- Determining and comparing the average number of relapses in the 2 groups
- Determining and comparing the average score of substance craving in the 2 groups
- Determining and comparing the mean score of patients' satisfaction with detoxification in the 2 groups

#### Design

Clinical trial with control group, with parallel groups, one-way blinded, randomized, phase 3 on 230 patients.

#### Settings and conduct

Intervention and control groups from Ariana Addiction Treatment Center, Isfahan; Consecutive sampling through double random, random allocation blocks; Both are eligible within a block and then randomly assigned to one of the study groups. The evaluator who records the data and the patients are blinded.

#### Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria: 1. Having Consent 2. DSM-V criteria for addiction 3. Daily use of opium or heroin 4. Not using other substances 5. 20 to 60 years 6. Absence of major psychiatric and physical disorders that are prohibited from withdrawing drugs 7. Not taking psychiatric drugs  
Exclusion criteria: 1. Any medical or moral conflict with the participation in the study

#### Intervention groups

Intervention group: In the first three days, clonidine and buprenorphine are administered simultaneously in specific doses. From the 3rd day, in the absence of withdrawal symptoms, clonidine alone is continued.  
Control group: Method of the Ministry of Health of Iran: Detoxification begins with buprenorphine, continues with a dose reduction of 2 mg every 2 to 3 days and finally stops completely. Initiation of Naltrexone 3 to 5 days after the last dose of buprenorphine.

#### Main outcome variables

the number of treatment discontinuation; the average score of substance craving .

### General information

#### Reason for update

#### Acronym

#### IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20090801002266N18**

Registration date: **2022-08-02, 1401/05/11**

Registration timing: **registered\_while\_recruiting**

Last update: **2022-08-02, 1401/05/11**

Update count: **0**

#### Registration date

2022-08-02, 1401/05/11

#### Registrant information

##### Name

Gholamreza Kheirabadi

##### Name of organization / entity

##### Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

##### Phone

+98 31 1222 2135

##### Email address

kheirabadi@bsrc.mui.ac.ir

#### Recruitment status

**Recruitment complete**

#### Funding source

#### Expected recruitment start date

2022-06-24, 1401/04/03

#### Expected recruitment end date

2024-12-23, 1403/10/03

**Actual recruitment start date**

empty

**Actual recruitment end date**

empty

**Trial completion date**

empty

**Scientific title**

A comparative study of the effect of a modified method of opioid dependence management with the current method proposed by the Ministry of Health and Medical Education of Iran, on satisfaction, craving and relapse in opioids users.

**Public title**

Comparison of a modified method of opioid dependence management with the Ministry of Health and Medical Education of Iran method

**Purpose**

Treatment

**Inclusion/Exclusion criteria****Inclusion criteria:**

Consent to participate in the study Having DSM-5 criteria for drug dependence Regular and daily consumption of opium or heroin orally, injected or smoked Not using other substances Age 20 to 60 years Absence of major psychiatric disorders and absence of physical illness, which is a ban on withdrawing drugs Not taking psychiatric drugs or any drugs that affects the central nervous system

**Exclusion criteria:**

The patient's unwillingness to continue cooperation Occurrence of any medical or ethical conflict with the patient's continued participation in the research Occurrence of physical and mental problems requires special interventions in the process of withdrawing drugs Returning to substance abuse in the treatment process

**Age**

From **20 years** old to **60 years** old

**Gender**

Both

**Phase**

3

**Groups that have been masked**

- Participant
- Investigator
- Outcome assessor

**Sample size**

Target sample size: **230**

**Randomization (investigator's opinion)**

Randomized

**Randomization description**

The selection of samples is consecutive sampling and will be continued until the required sample size is completed. The intervention and control group will be selected from the clients of the Ariana addiction treatment center in Isfahan (the original center of the modified addiction treatment method). The samples will be selected into two study groups through double random blocks of random allocation. In this way, both eligible people will be in one block and then they will be randomly assigned

to one of the study groups. This process will be continued until reaching the required sample size of 230.

**Blinding (investigator's opinion)**

Double blinded

**Blinding description**

This study is double-blind, so the participants and those responsible for data collection will be blinded. In such a way both the person participating in the study and the evaluator will not know whether the participant belongs to the intervention group or the control group.

**Placebo**

Not used

**Assignment**

Parallel

**Other design features****Secondary Ids**

empty

**Ethics committees****1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Ethics Committee in Research, School of Medicine, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences

**Street address**

Behavioral Sciences Research Center, Khorshid Hospital, Ostandari Street

**City**

Isfahan

**Province**

Isfahan

**Postal code**

8145831451

**Approval date**

2022-04-11, 1401/01/22

**Ethics committee reference number**

IR.MUI.MED.REC.1401.016

**Health conditions studied****1****Description of health condition studied**

Detoxification in regular and daily users of opium or heroin orally, injected or smoked

**ICD-10 code**

F11.23

**ICD-10 code description**

Opioid dependence with withdrawal

**Primary outcomes****1****Description**

Instant craving score in the Desires for Drug Questionnaire

**Timepoint**

The patient will be visited once a week for the first 2 weeks and once every two weeks for several months. After that, the visits are reduced to once a month. At each visit, the patient is examined by a physician.

#### **Method of measurement**

Desires for Drug Questionnaire

### **2**

#### **Description**

Reduction of cases of withdrawal from treatment

#### **Timepoint**

In both groups, data related to cases of non-referral and non-follow-up treatment will be recorded and compared at the end of the intervention and follow-up period.

#### **Method of measurement**

Registration in the patient follow-up checklist

### **3**

#### **Description**

The level of satisfaction with the detoxification process and the one-year follow-up period

#### **Timepoint**

The end of the detoxification period and the end of the one-year follow-up period

#### **Method of measurement**

at the end of detoxification period and at the end of one-year follow-up period) in the form of two questions in the text of the questionnaire and using It is measured by the Likert scoring scale

## **Secondary outcomes**

empty

## **Intervention groups**

### **1**

#### **Description**

Intervention group: With the onset of withdrawal symptoms, we begin treatment with 0.1 mg of clonidine. Then 2 to 4 mg of sublingual buprenorphine is prescribed (2 mg for amounts less than 3 g of opium or equivalent). If there are symptoms of withdrawal, adjuvant drugs are used and the type and dose used and the reason for administration are recorded accurately. To control restlessness and muscle tension, 10 mg of chlorpheniramine is injected and if not controlled, 5 to 10 mg of diazepam is prescribed. We use 4 to 8 mg of dexamethasone to control pain. On the second day, the patient is evaluated and in the absence of obvious withdrawal symptoms, no intervention is performed, and if there are annoying and obvious withdrawal symptoms, we repeat the steps of the first day. On the third day, the patient is re-evaluated and if the withdrawal symptoms are not severe and annoying, start treatment with clonidine and adjuvants as appropriate and buprenorphine is no longer prescribed, but if the withdrawal symptoms were obvious and annoying on the third day, We prescribe 2 mg of buprenorphine sublingually and re-evaluate after one hour. If symptoms

persist, the dose is repeated and treatment with clonidine and other adjuvants will be delayed until the fourth day. The protocol for administering clonidine is as follows: From the third day, in the absence or mild withdrawal symptoms, buprenorphine administration is completely discontinued and clonidine administration is started. If withdrawal symptoms are severe, treatment with clonidine and other adjuvant medications should be started from the fourth day. 0.1 mg of clonidine is given every night before bed and this process will be continued for ten days. If the blood pressure drops to less than 85/55 mm Hg, the next dose of clonidine will be not prescribed, the drug will be reduced and discontinued, and if the hypotension persists for more than 4 hours, clonidine will be discontinued. To assess the severity of withdrawal symptoms and possible complications, the patient will be visited 1 to 3 times a week, the dose of medication is adjusted. Also, the cause and amount of prescribed medications are carefully recorded. To follow up and prevent of recurrency: In the first trimester, patients can visit the doctor freely and whenever they need. In addition, on a weekly basis, they will be invited to the center by phone to talk about their situation during the week and how to manage their cravings. In the second trimester every week and in the next six months every two weeks the patient will be contacted.

#### **Category**

Treatment - Drugs

### **2**

#### **Description**

Control group: According to the method proposed by the Ministry of Health of Iran for outpatient detoxification with buprenorphine, after that withdrawal symptoms appear, 2 to 5 mg of sublingual buprenorphine will be administered and the patient will be evaluated one hour later. If there are withdrawal symptoms, the dose will be repeated. It should be noted that the maximum dose of administered buprenorphine on the first day is 8 mg. If there are no withdrawal symptoms, the drug is enough for the first day. If there are withdrawal symptoms, adjuvant medications should be used. The type of adjuvant medications, doses and the reason for receiving medications will be carefully recorded. On the second day, the dose of buprenorphine will be increased to 2 to 5 mg. We aim to stabilize the patient as quickly as possible, minimize withdrawal symptoms, and reduce substance consumption. The dose reduction phase begins when the patient stops consumption. The dose reduction phase can be continued from a few days to several weeks. The method of the decrease buprenorphine dose is reducing 1 mg every 2 to 3 days until it is completely stopped, which on average this period will last 2 to 4 days. If withdrawal symptoms worsen during these ten days, the dose should be increased and the reduction process should be slowed down again. In addition, for some symptoms, adjuvant medications (tricyclics, especially amitriptyline, NSAIDs, benzodiazepines, baclofen, antihistamines, antipsychotics, metoclopramide, chlorpromazine, and hyoscine) will be used. The dose and cause of administration are also recorded. At the end of this

detoxification period and 3-5 days after the last dose of buprenorphine is administered, Naltrexone will be started to prevent recurrency. Before starting treatment with naltrexone (according to the Ministry's protocol), the following should be considered: The patient should not have used any opioids during this period. To ensure detoxification, the Naloxone Challenge Test should be performed. This test can be done either intravenously or subcutaneously. 6 mg of naltrexone daily is sufficient to prevent recurrence of opioid use. Naltrexone capsules should be taken as a water-soluble capsule at least for the first few weeks under family supervision and if the patient agrees. The patient will be visited once a week for the first 6 weeks and once every two weeks for several months. After that, the visits are reduced to once a month. At each visit, naltrexone is dissolved in water and in the presence of a physician. Prevention of recurrence with naltrexone will be continued for 6 months.

#### Category

Treatment - Drugs

## Recruitment centers

### 1

#### Recruitment center

##### Name of recruitment center

Ariana Addiction Treatment Center; Isfahan

##### Full name of responsible person

Dr. Mohammadali Bahramikia

##### Street address

Unit 413, 4th Floor, Almas Building, Next to the Social Security center, Sharif Crossroads, Imam Khomeini St.

##### City

Isfahan

##### Province

Isfahan

##### Postal code

8189739583

##### Phone

+98 31 3331 8072

##### Email

reza305@yahoo.com

## Sponsors / Funding sources

### 1

#### Sponsor

##### Name of organization / entity

Esfahan University of Medical Sciences

##### Full name of responsible person

Dr. Mansor Siavash

##### Street address

Research and Technology Vice-Chancellor of Isfahan University of Medical Sciences, Building No. 4, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences, Hazar Jarib Street, Isfahan, Iran

##### City

Isfahan

##### Province

Isfahan

##### Postal code

81746-73461

##### Phone

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##### Email

siavash@med.mui.ac.ir

##### Grant name

DR. Mansor Siavash, Vice-chancellor for Research of Isfahan University of Medical Sciences

##### Grant code / Reference number

IR.MUI.MED.REC.1401.016

##### Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?

Yes

##### Title of funding source

Esfahan University of Medical Sciences

##### Proportion provided by this source

100

##### Public or private sector

Public

##### Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

##### Category of foreign source of funding

empty

##### Country of origin

##### Type of organization providing the funding

Academic

## Person responsible for general inquiries

#### Contact

##### Name of organization / entity

Esfahan University of Medical Sciences

##### Full name of responsible person

Dr. Gholamreza Kheirabadi

##### Position

Professor of Psychiatry, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences

##### Latest degree

Specialist

##### Other areas of specialty/work

Psychiatrics

##### Street address

Behavioral Sciences Research Center, Khorshid Hospital, Ostandari Street.

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kheirabadi@bsrc.mui.ac.ir

## Person responsible for scientific inquiries

#### Contact

##### Name of organization / entity

Esfahan University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**

Dr Gholamreza Kheirabadi

**Position**

Professor of Psychiatry, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences

**Latest degree**

Specialist

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**Email**

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**Person responsible for updating data****Contact****Name of organization / entity**

Ariana Addiction Treatment Center

**Full name of responsible person**

Dr Mohammadali Bahramikia

**Position**

General Practitioner

**Latest degree**

Medical doctor

**Other areas of specialty/work**

General Practitioner

**Street address**

Unit 413, 4th Floor, Almas Building, Next to the Social Security center, Sharif Crossroads, Imam Khomeini St.

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**Sharing plan****Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Justification/reason for indecision/not sharing IPD**

There is no further information

**Study Protocol**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Statistical Analysis Plan**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Informed Consent Form**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Clinical Study Report**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Analytic Code**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Data Dictionary**

No - There is not a plan to make this available