

# Clinical Trial Protocol

## Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

22 Jun 2026

### Comparison of the clinical results of the use of two spinal epidural methods and epidural puncture epidural in the process of natural childbirth analgesia - a randomized clinical trial

#### Protocol summary

##### Study aim

Determining and comparing the results of using two spinal epidural methods and epidural epidural puncture in the analgesia process of natural childbirth

##### Design

Clinical trial with intervention and control group, with parallel groups, double-blind, randomized, without phase on 98 patients, randomization software was used for randomization.

##### Settings and conduct

This study will be conducted by using two methods of analgesia, CSE and DPE, in the analgesia process of natural childbirth in Kamali Karaj Hospital. 98 people will enter the study in two groups and will be divided by the method of random block allocation using randomization software. They will be selected using blocks of four. Code A is the intervention group (using the DPE method) and code B is the control group (using the CSE method). It is designed in a double-blind manner, collecting and analyzing data and the patients are unaware of the status of assigning people to the study groups. and only the surgeon is aware of the status of assigning people to the studied groups. In this research, a three-part questionnaire will be used to collect information, The required data is collected by the researcher

##### Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Entry criteria 1. 37 weeks to 40 weeks 2. Pregnant women giving birth naturally 3. Vertex position Exit criteria: 1. Non-vortex position 2. Coagulation disorders and homeostasis defects

##### Intervention groups

Intervention group: dural puncture epidural (DPE) Control group: spinal epidural analgesia (CSE)

##### Main outcome variables

1. The amount of pain during childbirth 2. Type of delivery (natural without tools / natural with the help of tools (vacuum) / ending in cesarean section) 3. Headache

4. Itching 5. Paresthesia 6. Urinary retention 7. Bishop Score 8. The length of the second stage of labor

#### General information

##### Reason for update

Amendment to inclusion criteria: The age range of participants was revised during the study to facilitate recruitment and improve eligibility. The age range was changed from 15-40 years to 18-45 years.

##### Acronym

Comparison of DPE and CSE

##### IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20230310057671N1**

Registration date: **2023-04-16, 1402/01/27**

Registration timing: **prospective**

Last update: **2025-11-05, 1404/08/14**

Update count: **1**

##### Registration date

2023-04-16, 1402/01/27

##### Registrant information

###### Name

Ladan Keshavarzi

###### Name of organization / entity

###### Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

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###### Email address

ladan93k@gmail.com

##### Recruitment status

**Recruitment complete**

##### Funding source

##### Expected recruitment start date

2023-05-30, 1402/03/09

**Expected recruitment end date**

2023-07-31, 1402/05/09

**Actual recruitment start date**

empty

**Actual recruitment end date**

empty

**Trial completion date**

empty

**Scientific title**

Comparison of the clinical results of the use of two spinal epidural methods and epidural puncture epidural in the process of natural childbirth analgesia - a randomized clinical trial

**Public title**

Comparison of the clinical results of the use of two spinal epidural methods and epidural puncture epidural in the process of natural childbirth analgesia

**Purpose**

Treatment

**Inclusion/Exclusion criteria****Inclusion criteria:**

37 weeks to 40 weeks pregnant women in normal labor vertex position

**Exclusion criteria:**

Non-vortex position Pregnant women's inability to maintain immobility during work (for example, Parkinson's disease) Coagulation disorders and homeostasis defects Increased intracranial pressure for any reason (space-occupying lesions) Local infection of the injection site and bacteremia

**Age**From **18 years** old to **45 years** old**Gender**

Female

**Phase**

N/A

**Groups that have been masked**

- Participant
- Investigator
- Outcome assessor
- Data analyser
- Data and Safety Monitoring Board

**Sample size**Target sample size: **98****Randomization (investigator's opinion)**

Randomized

**Randomization description**

According to the formula of the sample size and after applying the entry and exit criteria, 98 people will enter the study in two groups and will be divided by random block allocation method using randomization software. They will be selected using blocks of four. Code A is the intervention group (using the DPE method) and code B is the comparison group (using the CSE method). We will have 6 quadruple combinations as (AA, BB), (AB, BA), (BA, BA), (AB, AB), (BB, AA), and (BA, AB). Then for each of these Random code blocks will be generated. Then one of these blocks will be randomly selected and based on the sequence of letters A and B in

the selected block, eligible people will be assigned to treatment or comparison groups. This random process of selecting blocks and assigning people to intervention and comparison groups It will continue until the desired sample size is reached.

**Blinding (investigator's opinion)**

Double blinded

**Blinding description**

This study is designed in a double-blind manner, thus the surgeon is aware of the status of assigning people to the study groups, but the data collector and analyst as well as the subjects (patients) are not aware of the status of assigning people to the study groups. For the study subjects, before the random assignment, it is explained how the work process is and they may receive one of the two treatments randomly, and the method used is not known to the subjects beforehand, so the patient is not aware that in Which group is placed will be unknown (written consent will be obtained from all participants in the study). On the other hand, the data collector and analyzer will be unaware of the patients' belonging to the treatment groups.

**Placebo**

Not used

**Assignment**

Parallel

**Other design features****Secondary Ids**

empty

**Ethics committees****1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Ethics committee of Alborz University of Medical Sciences

**Street address**

No. 6, Unit 3, No. 6, Alley 9/4, 9th St., Valfajr Town, Tehran, Sheikh Bahai St.

**City**

Karaj

**Province**

Alborz

**Postal code**

1437835174

**Approval date**

2023-04-07, 1402/01/18

**Ethics committee reference number**

IR.ABZUMS.REC.1402.003

**Health conditions studied****1****Description of health condition studied**

Pregnant women giving birth naturally

**ICD-10 code****ICD-10 code description**

## Primary outcomes

### 1

#### **Description**

The amount of pain during childbirth is independent

#### **Timepoint**

0-5-10-15-20-30-45-60-90-120 min

#### **Method of measurement**

The intensity of the patient's pain during labor is measured by the numerical rating pain scale

### 2

#### **Description**

Type of delivery (natural without tools / natural with the help of tools (vacuum) / ending in caesarean section)

#### **Timepoint**

Time of delivery

#### **Method of measurement**

Description of the operation by the surgeon

### 3

#### **Description**

Headache

#### **Timepoint**

0 minutes, 12 hours, 24 hours

#### **Method of measurement**

Ask the person . (After the analgesia intervention, it is only important for us whether the person has a headache at the mentioned times or not, the amount of headache that is low or high is not valuable for us in this study, for this reason, the person is only asked that Does he have a headache or not?)

### 4

#### **Description**

itching

#### **Timepoint**

0 minutes, 5 minutes, 10 minutes

#### **Method of measurement**

Ask the person . (After the analgesia intervention, it is only important for us if the person itches at the mentioned times or not, the amount of itching that is low or high has no value for us in this study, for this reason, the person is only asked that is it itchy or not)

### 5

#### **Description**

paresthesia

#### **Timepoint**

0 minutes, 60 minutes, 12 hours, 24 hours

#### **Method of measurement**

paresthesia . (After the analgesia intervention, it is only important for us whether the person experiences paresthesia at the mentioned times or not, the amount of paresthesia that is low or high has no value for us in this study, for this reason, the person is only asked that Does it have paresthesia or not?)

### 6

#### **Description**

urinary retention

#### **Timepoint**

12 hours, 24 hours

#### **Method of measurement**

Ask the person . (After the analgesia intervention, it is only important for us if the person has urinary retention at the mentioned times or not, the amount of urinary retention that is low or high has no value for us in this study, that is why we only ask the person whether he has urinary retention or not)

### 7

#### **Description**

Bishop Score

#### **Timepoint**

0 min (immediately after the analgesia intervention)

#### **Method of measurement**

Bishop's score is determined by examining five characteristics: dilatation, effacement, descent, location of the cervix and consistency of the cervix based on the scoring system of the Bishop Score table. The scoring is calculated and recorded by the researcher in the labor

### 8

#### **Description**

Length of the second stage of labor

#### **Timepoint**

Starting from the complete dilatation of the cervix and continuing until the delivery of the baby, the analgesia intervention is performed before the complete dilatation of the cervix.

#### **Method of measurement**

We take time with the clock

## Secondary outcomes

empty

## Intervention groups

### 1

#### **Description**

Control group: In a group, combined spinal epidural analgesia (CSE) is performed in the following way: CSE is performed in stage I, in the first step, spinal analgesia is performed, in such a way that after prep and drape, spinal needle 25-28 in the L4-L5 intervertebral space, it enters the skin, passes through the dura mater and goes to the sub-arachnoid and enters the CSF space, after the CSF exit, the medicine will be injected within 3-5 seconds. Spinal Opioid: Fentanyl (dose: 15-25 micrograms) or sufentanil (dose: 10-5 micrograms) in the second step after prep and drape, the Touhy needle will go to the epidural space and a 5 cm catheter will be fixed in the epidural space and then the dose test will be done through Catheter is injected. Medicines: ropivacaine or bupivacaine with a concentration of 1%

(10-20 cc), lidocaine.

**Category**

Treatment - Surgery

**2**

**Description**

Intervention group: In the other group, dural epidural puncture (DPE) is performed in the following way: DPE is also performed in stage I, it is performed like the first spinal CSE, only with the difference that no drug is injected and the goal is only to puncture the dura. and then an epidural is performed and the catheter is fixed, here too no medication is administered until the mother enters the active phase of labor and her pain starts, then through the catheter first fentanyl (dose 15-25 micrograms) and then Rs. Vaccaine (10-20 cc) is administered. , and because of the hole created in the dura, the drug enters the CSF, even though he did not take medication during the spinal, but with the start of his epidural drugs, it seems as if the spinal is performed at the same time, in DPE, unlike CSE, not all fentanyl directly enters the CSF and It is gradually absorbed (in general, the drugs are the same in both methods, only the method and time of drug absorption are different, which differentiates the side effects of these two methods) The percentage of drugs in both methods is diluted based on the patient's BMI.

**Category**

Treatment - Surgery

**Recruitment centers**

**1**

**Recruitment center**

**Name of recruitment center**

Karaj Kamali hospital

**Full name of responsible person**

Maryam Hashem Nejad

**Street address**

Kamali Medical Education Center, kamali street, shahada square, shahid behshti street, karaj city, alborz province

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**Sponsors / Funding sources**

**1**

**Sponsor**

**Name of organization / entity**

Karaj University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**

Shahram Sayyadi

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**Grant name**

**Grant code / Reference number**

**Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?**

Yes

**Title of funding source**

Karaj University of Medical Sciences

**Proportion provided by this source**

100

**Public or private sector**

Public

**Domestic or foreign origin**

Domestic

**Category of foreign source of funding**

empty

**Country of origin**

**Type of organization providing the funding**

Academic

**Person responsible for general inquiries**

**Contact**

**Name of organization / entity**

Karaj University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**

Mohammad Hossein Delshad

**Position**

Assistant Professor

**Latest degree**

Subspecialist

**Other areas of specialty/work**

Anesthesiology

**Street address**

NO 4, The highly specialized pain clinic of Maryam Hospital, street West Arghwan, 45 meter Golshahr, Alborz province, karaj

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## Person responsible for scientific inquiries

### Contact

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## Person responsible for updating data

### Contact

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Karaj University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**  
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**Position**  
Student

**Latest degree**  
A Level or less

**Other areas of specialty/work**  
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## Sharing plan

### Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

### Study Protocol

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

### Statistical Analysis Plan

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

### Informed Consent Form

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

### Clinical Study Report

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

### Analytic Code

Not applicable

### Data Dictionary

Not applicable

### Title and more details about the data/document

All data is potentially shareable after de-identifying individuals

### When the data will become available and for how long

The access period starts one year after the results are published

### To whom data/document is available

Researchers working in academic and scientific institutions

### Under which criteria data/document could be used

Any kind of scientific or research use

### From where data/document is obtainable

Laden agriculture Receive data via email below  
[ladan.keshavarzi@yahoo.com](mailto:ladan.keshavarzi@yahoo.com)

### What processes are involved for a request to access data/document

After receiving the request email, the request will be answered within a maximum of two months.

### Comments

No other explanation