

# Clinical Trial Protocol

## Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

30 Jul 2026

### Comparing the Effect of Using Lidocaine Spray and ShotBlocker on Pain Level During Intramuscular Injection: A Randomized Control Trial

#### Protocol summary

##### Study aim

Comparing the effect of using lidocaine spray and shotblockers on pain level during intramuscular injection in adults

##### Design

An experimental, a randomized controlled trial (RCT) prospective, comparative. design with a minimum sample size of 51 for each group will be used. The total sample size would be 153 subjects

##### Settings and conduct

The study was conducted in Imam Al-Sadiq General Hospital in the Hilla city. , Iraq

##### Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

All adult patients (over 18 years) receiving intramuscular injections (Diclofenac Sodium) who are admitted to the emergency department will be included in the study. Patients who refused to participate in the study; individuals with communication difficulties or unconsciousness, those with fibrosis, wounds, or infections at the injection site, individuals involved in Road Traffic Accidents (RTA), stab wounds, or bleeding injuries ,Patients with any disease or condition that interferes with study results will be excluded

##### Intervention groups

The study used assigning participants (Patients receiving intramuscular injections {diclofenac sodium} who are admitted to the emergency department) to intervention group (shotblocker and lidocaine spray) and control groups. The process will involve a simple randomization procedure wherein participants will select a color from a sealed envelope containing three colors: blue, yellow, and green. Each color corresponds to a group (blue for the ShotBlocker group, yellow for the lidocaine spray group, and green for the control group), and participants will be allocated randomly among these three groups. after injection procedure The researcher introduced the patients to the Visual Analog Scale (VAS) pain intensity scale , patient placing a check in front of the number denoting the degree of the pain.

#### Main outcome variables

reducing pain during intramuscular injection

#### General information

##### Reason for update

##### Acronym

RCT

##### IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20240127060820N1**

Registration date: **2024-02-21, 1402/12/02**

Registration timing: **retrospective**

Last update: **2024-02-21, 1402/12/02**

Update count: **0**

##### Registration date

2024-02-21, 1402/12/02

##### Registrant information

##### Name

Hameed Muslim

##### Name of organization / entity

Karbala University

##### Country

Iraq

##### Phone

+964 774 821 0418

##### Email address

hameed.muslim@s.uokerbala.edu.iq

##### Recruitment status

**Recruitment complete**

##### Funding source

##### Expected recruitment start date

2023-12-01, 1402/09/10

##### Expected recruitment end date

2024-02-01, 1402/11/12

##### Actual recruitment start date

2023-12-10, 1402/09/19

**Actual recruitment end date**

2024-01-28, 1402/11/08

**Trial completion date**

empty

**Scientific title**

Comparing the Effect of Using Lidocaine Spray and ShotBlocker on Pain Level During Intramuscular Injection: A Randomized Control Trial

**Public title**

Comparing the Effect of Using Lidocaine Spray and ShotBlocker on Pain Level During Intramuscular Injection: A Clinical Trial

**Purpose**

Education/Guidance

**Inclusion/Exclusion criteria****Inclusion criteria:**

Adult participants between the ages of 18 – 60 years old; did not receive analgesics/sedatives during the past 24 hours; voluntary participated in the study; patient did not have fibrosis, wound, infection and tenderness in the injection site: patients who entered the Emergency Department and were prescribed analgesics by the physicians: have no problems communicating and are fully conscious: patient not have diseases Gastric Ulcers and Asthma.

**Exclusion criteria:**

Patients who refused to participate in the study; individuals with communication difficulties or unconsciousness, those with fibrosis, wounds, or infections at the injection site, individuals involved in Road Traffic Accidents (RTA), stab wounds, or bleeding injuries. Patients receiving medication (such as antibiotics or analgesics) intravenously or intramuscularly, pregnant women, and individuals experiencing side effects of Diclofenac Sodium like gastric ulcers and asthma were also excluded from the study

**Age**

From **18 years** old to **60 years** old

**Gender**

Both

**Phase**

N/A

**Groups that have been masked**

- Participant

**Sample size**

Target sample size: **150**

Actual sample size reached: **156**

**Randomization (investigator's opinion)**

Randomized

**Randomization description**

In order to maintain a transparent and scientifically based randomization process, stratified randomization will be used in assigning participants (Patients receiving intramuscular injections {diclofenac sodium} who are admitted to the emergency department) to intervention (shotblocker and lidocaine spray) and control groups. This method ensures that each participant has an equal chance of being assigned to any group. The process will

involve a simple randomization procedure wherein participants will select a color from a sealed envelope containing three colors: blue, yellow, and green. Each color corresponds to a group (blue for the ShotBlocker group, yellow for the lidocaine spray group, and green for the control group), and participants will be allocated randomly among these three groups

**Blinding (investigator's opinion)**

Single blinded

**Blinding description**

the single-blind technique, was employed as the researcher needs to know how the subjects will be treated. Therefore, the study was done whereas the participants were unaware of the interventional group. With the use of this blinding technique, the study results are well shielded from the subject knowledge of the treatment assignment . There have been (153) patients in the sample. Both the intervention groups and the control group obtained an equal number of these subjects .

**Placebo**

Not used

**Assignment**

Parallel

**Other design features****Secondary Ids**

empty

**Ethics committees****1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Ethics committee in College of Nursing at University of Karbala

**Street address**

Al Iskan Street, Al Hussein District

**City**

Karbala,

**Postal code**

10053

**Approval date**

2023-11-19, 1402/08/28

**Ethics committee reference number**

23519

**Health conditions studied****1****Description of health condition studied**

Patients receiving intramuscular injections {diclofenac sodium} who are admitted to the emergency department

**ICD-10 code****ICD-10 code description****Primary outcomes**

## 1

### Description

The primary outcome variable is the level of pain during intramuscular injection that can be changed based on using shotblocker and lidocaine spray

### Timepoint

immediate after intervention (intramuscular injection ) using visual analog scale and after three weeks to measurement of the primary outcome

### Method of measurement

measurement pain level after intramuscular injection by using visual analog scale

## Secondary outcomes

empty

## Intervention groups

## 1

### Description

Intervention group: The study included adult patients who were chosen based on the aforementioned criteria. The study was carried out in the emergency departments with patients who had been prescribed diclofenac sodium by their physicians. To reassure the participants, the researcher explained the study's aims, duration, and technique in terms of information confidentiality. Following that, the oral and written consents of the patients who will participate in the sample were obtained, as they were randomly divided into three groups (Total 153). This method ensures that each participant has an equal chance of being assigned to any group. The process will involve a simple randomization procedure wherein participants will select a color from a sealed envelope containing three colors: blue, yellow, and green. Each color corresponds to a group (blue for the ShotBlocker group, yellow for the lidocaine spray group, and green for the control group), and participants will be allocated randomly among these three groups .The injection procedure and the randomization method for selecting one of the groups are discussed with participations. The researcher introduced the patients to the Visual Analog Scale (VAS) pain intensity scale before administering the injection, placing a check in front of the number denoting the degree of the pain.

### Category

Treatment - Other

## Recruitment centers

## 1

### Recruitment center

#### Name of recruitment center

Imam Al-Sadiq General Hospital in the Hilla city.

#### Full name of responsible person

Hameed Muslim Hashem

#### Street address

Al-Hussein neighborhood

#### City

Karbala

#### Postal code

56001

#### Phone

+964 781 864 0782

#### Email

hameed.muslim@s.uokerbala.edu.iq

#### Web page address

<https://nursing.uokerbala.edu.iq/wp/en/>

## Sponsors / Funding sources

## 1

### Sponsor

#### Name of organization / entity

University of Kerbala

#### Full name of responsible person

Hameed Muslim Hashem

#### Street address

Al-Hussein neighborhood

#### City

Karbala

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### Grant name

### Grant code / Reference number

Reference number

### Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?

No

### Title of funding source

The author of the trial is the funding source

### Proportion provided by this source

100

### Public or private sector

Public

### Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

### Category of foreign source of funding

empty

### Country of origin

### Type of organization providing the funding

Academic

## Person responsible for general inquiries

### Contact

#### Name of organization / entity

University of Kerbala

#### Full name of responsible person

Hameed Muslim Hashem

#### Position

lecture

#### Latest degree

Master

**Other areas of specialty/work**

Nursery

**Street address**

Al-Hussein neighborhood

**City**

Karbala

**Province**

Karbala

**Postal code**

56001

**Phone**

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**Email**

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## Person responsible for scientific inquiries

**Contact****Name of organization / entity**

University of Kerbala

**Full name of responsible person**

Hameed Muslim Hashem

**Position**

Lecture

**Latest degree**

Master

**Other areas of specialty/work**

Nursery

**Street address**

Al-Hussein neighborhood

**City**

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**Fax****Email**

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**Web page address**

<https://nursing.uokerbala.edu.iq/wp/en/>

## Person responsible for updating data

**Contact****Name of organization / entity**

University of Kerbala

**Full name of responsible person**

Hameed Muslim Hashem

**Position**

Lecture

**Latest degree**

Master

**Other areas of specialty/work**

Nursery

**Street address**

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## Sharing plan

**Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Study Protocol**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Statistical Analysis Plan**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Informed Consent Form**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Clinical Study Report**

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

**Analytic Code**

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

**Data Dictionary**

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

**Title and more details about the data/document**

The data will be the results of Patients receiving intramuscular injections {diclofenac sodium} who are admitted to the emergency department for both intervention and control groups,

**When the data will become available and for how long**

God Willing, once the article is published, the data will be available after 6 months of publication. If the article will be published in a subscribed journal, the data will be available after one year because of the policy of the subscribed journals.

**To whom data/document is available**

with academic nurses and any researcher who is interested in the data

**Under which criteria data/document could be used**

The data could be used after getting permission via email. Also, users need to acknowledge the owner.

**From where data/document is obtainable**

Users can ask for the data and permission via email. Hameed Muslim is the corresponding author. He will contact whoever he requests the information from. His email is hameed.muslim@s.uokerbala.edu.iq Hameed Muslim works at the Imam Al-Sadiq General Hospital . The address is Al-Hussein neighborhood district, Karbala, Iraq. What processes are involved for a request to access data/document

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