

Clinical Trial Protocol

Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

10 Jun 2026

The effect of lidocaine infusion during laparotomy surgery on the reduction of postoperative pain and the amount of opioid consumption to control postoperative pain.

Protocol summary

Study aim

The effect of lidocaine infusion during laparotomy surgery on the reduction of postoperative pain and the amount of opioid consumption to control postoperative pain.

Design

A controlled, parallel-group, phase 3, randomized, double-blind clinical trial on 60 patients. A table of random numbers was used for randomization.

Settings and conduct

The current study is a clinical trial on patients undergoing laparotomy surgery referred to the hospitals of Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences. In the intervention group, 1% lidocaine was administered with a bolus dose of 1mg/kg as a slow intravenous injection, and then its infusion continued with a dose of 1mg/kg/h until the end of the operation. In the control group, normal saline infusion is used instead of lidocaine.

Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria include no sensitivity to local anesthetics, no chronic use of narcotics and painkillers, no use of steroids, age between 18 and 85 years, no pregnancy, ASA Class one and two patients. Body mass index less than 40 kg/m², heart rate more than 50 beats per minute, recovery time less than 45 minutes, interval between P wave and R wave in ECG not more than 0.2 seconds. Exclusion criteria include severe drop in blood pressure, severe bradycardia, moderate reduction in arterial pressure, arrhythmia or Urticaria, or patients whose surgery lasts more than 4 hours.

Intervention groups

In the intervention group, after induction of anesthesia, administration of 1% lidocaine with a bolus dose of 1mg/kg as a slow intravenous injection It is done and then its infusion continues with a dose of 1mg/kg/h until the end of the operation. In the control group, normal saline infusion is used instead of lidocaine.

Main outcome variables

The intensity of the pain; the amount of systemic painkillers; Length of hospitalization

General information

Reason for update

Acronym

IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20240619062178N1**

Registration date: **2024-06-22, 1403/04/02**

Registration timing: **prospective**

Last update: **2024-06-22, 1403/04/02**

Update count: **0**

Registration date

2024-06-22, 1403/04/02

Registrant information

Name

Seyed hossein Ardehali

Name of organization / entity

Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

Phone

+98 21 25719

Email address

h-ardehali@sbmu.ac.ir

Recruitment status

Recruitment complete

Funding source

Expected recruitment start date

2024-07-22, 1403/05/01

Expected recruitment end date

2024-10-22, 1403/08/01

Actual recruitment start date

empty

Actual recruitment end date

empty

Trial completion date

empty

Scientific title

The effect of lidocaine infusion during laparotomy surgery on the reduction of postoperative pain and the amount of opioid consumption to control postoperative pain.

Public title

The effect of lidocaine infusion on pain reduction and the amount of opioid consumption after surgery

Purpose

Treatment

Inclusion/Exclusion criteria**Inclusion criteria:**

Patients undergoing laparotomy surgery with no sensitivity to local anesthetics No chronic use of narcotics and painkillers No use of steroids Age between 18 and 85 years Absence of pregnancy Patients according to American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) class one and two Body mass index less than 40 kg/m² Heart rate above 50 beats per minute The recovery time is less than 45 minutes The interval between the P wave and the R wave in the ECG is no more than 0.2 seconds

Exclusion criteria:

Patients who experience a severe drop in blood pressure, severe bradycardia (heart rate less than 40 beats per minute), moderate arterial pressure drop (mean blood pressure less than 60 mm Hg), arrhythmia, or urticaria during surgery following intravenous administration of lidocaine. Patients whose surgery lasts more than 4 hours.

Age

From **18 years** old to **85 years** old

Gender

Both

Phase

3

Groups that have been masked

- Participant
- Care provider

Sample size

Target sample size: **60**

Randomization (investigator's opinion)

Randomized

Randomization description

For randomization, a table of random numbers was used, in order to create a random sequence using a table of random numbers by a statistical consultant, the patients were randomly given one of the even and odd codes, the patients with even codes were placed in the first group and the odd codes were placed in the second group.

Blinding (investigator's opinion)

Double blinded

Blinding description

Medicines in envelopes that are similar in appearance are labeled as group A and B. The patient does not know about this labeling, nor does the drug distributor's

colleague know about the labeling. In order to avoid any possible complications, the main researcher is aware of the allocation of groups.

Placebo

Not used

Assignment

Parallel

Other design features**Secondary Ids**

empty

Ethics committees**1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Research Ethics Committee of Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences Vice President of Resear

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Yemen St, Shahid Chamran Highway

City

Tehran

Province

Tehran

Postal code

1083969411

Approval date

2023-12-26, 1402/10/05

Ethics committee reference number

IR.SBMU.MSP.REC.1402.493

Health conditions studied**1****Description of health condition studied**

Laparotomy surgery

ICD-10 code**ICD-10 code description****Primary outcomes****1****Description**

Intensity of pain

Timepoint

After the surgery in the recovery unit and 24 hours after the operation in the ward

Method of measurement

Using a numerical rating scale

2**Description**

The amount of systemic painkillers used in recovery and the ward

Timepoint

After the surgery in the recovery unit and 24 hours after the operation in the ward

Method of measurement

Using a numerical rating scale

3

Description

Length of hospitalization

Timepoint

After the surgery in the recovery unit and 24 hours after the operation in the ward

Method of measurement

Using a numerical rating scale

Secondary outcomes

empty

Intervention groups

1

Description

Intervention group: After induction of anesthesia using midazolam fentanyl as premedication, propofol as hypnotic and etracorium as muscle relaxant, two minutes before intubation until surgical incision, administration of 1% lidocaine with a bolus dose of 1mg/kg is done as a slow intravenous injection. Then its infusion continues with a dose of 1mg/kg/h until the end of the operation.

Category

Treatment - Surgery

2

Description

Control group: In the control group, normal saline infusion is used instead of lidocaine.

Category

Treatment - Surgery

Recruitment centers

1

Recruitment center

Name of recruitment center

Shahada Tajrish Hospital

Full name of responsible person

Seyed Hossein Ardehali

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Shahrdari St, Quds Square, Tajrish

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Sponsors / Funding sources

1

Sponsor

Name of organization / entity

Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

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Grant name

Grant code / Reference number

Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?

Yes

Title of funding source

Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences

Proportion provided by this source

100

Public or private sector

Public

Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

Category of foreign source of funding

empty

Country of origin

Type of organization providing the funding

Academic

Person responsible for general inquiries

Contact

Name of organization / entity

Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Seyed Hossein Ardehali

Position

Associate Professor

Latest degree

Subspecialist

Other areas of specialty/work

Critical Care Medicine

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Person responsible for scientific inquiries

Contact

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Position

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Latest degree

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Other areas of specialty/work

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Person responsible for updating data

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Full name of responsible person

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Sharing plan

Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Study Protocol

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Statistical Analysis Plan

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Informed Consent Form

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Clinical Study Report

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Analytic Code

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Data Dictionary

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available