

Clinical Trial Protocol

Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

10 Jun 2026

The effect of supportive educative program on quality of life and caregiver burden of patients with hip fracture

Protocol summary

Study aim

The effect of supportive training program on caregiving pressure and quality of life of caregivers of patients with hip fracture referred to the orthopedic department and clinic of Sina Hospital in Tehran.

Design

Clinical trial with control group, single blind, randomized, phase on 70 patients. and the data was used through spss software.

Settings and conduct

Blinding was done in Sina Hospital, Tehran, in such a way that the participant and the analyst did not know the differences between the control and experimental groups

Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria for caregivers included: kinship with the patient, active participation in home care of a patient with a hip fracture, willingness to participate, age over 18 years, literacy, and no mental or neurological disorders. Also, the absence of severe family conflicts and not being employed in caregiving professions were mandatory. For patients, hospitalization in the surgical or orthopedic departments of Sina Hospital due to a hip fracture and the presence of the primary caregiver at home were inclusion criteria. Exclusion criteria included lack of cooperation of caregivers, participation in similar educational programs, occurrence of a family crisis, voluntary withdrawal, absence from educational sessions, and death of patients.

Intervention groups

Intervention group: Caregivers in this group underwent a structured support training program that included four training sessions on the principles of home care after hip fracture and problem-based coping skills. Control group: Caregivers in this group did not receive any direct training from the researcher.

Main outcome variables

Care pressure, quality of life, care education

General information

Reason for update

Acronym

IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20250329065176N2**

Registration date: **2025-04-30, 1404/02/10**

Registration timing: **prospective**

Last update: **2025-04-30, 1404/02/10**

Update count: **0**

Registration date

2025-04-30, 1404/02/10

Registrant information

Name

Amir Hossein Dehghan

Name of organization / entity

Country

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

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Recruitment status

Recruitment complete

Funding source

Expected recruitment start date

2025-05-22, 1404/03/01

Expected recruitment end date

2025-08-23, 1404/06/01

Actual recruitment start date

empty

Actual recruitment end date

empty

Trial completion date

empty

Scientific title

The effect of supportive educative program on quality of life and caregiver burden of patients with hip fracture

Public title

The effect of supportive educative program on quality of life and caregiver burden of patients with hip fracture

Purpose

Education/Guidance

Inclusion/Exclusion criteria**Inclusion criteria:**

being a relative or family member of the patient actively participating in the home care of a hip fracture patient demonstrating a willingness to engage in the study being at least 18 years of age possessing literacy skills having no psychological or neurological disorders

Exclusion criteria:

lack of caregiver cooperation participation in similar educational programs the occurrence of family crises during the study voluntary withdrawal from the study,

Age

From **18 years** old

Gender

Both

Phase

N/A

Groups that have been masked

- Care provider
- Data analyser

Sample size

Target sample size: **70**

Randomization (investigator's opinion)

Randomized

Randomization description

In this study, simple randomization was used to allocate participants into intervention and control groups. The unit of randomization was individual; that is, each eligible caregiver was assigned independently. The random sequence was generated using SPSS software (version 26). The principal investigator created a numbered list of eligible participants and applied the "Random Sample of Cases" function to assign individuals randomly to either the intervention or control group in a 1:1 ratio (40 participants per group). To prevent data contamination between groups, recruitment was sequential in time: first, all control group participants were recruited, followed by the intervention group. Allocation concealment was ensured by placing the final allocation list into sealed, opaque, numbered envelopes. These envelopes were handled solely by an independent research assistant who was not involved in data collection or analysis. The statistical analyst was blinded to group assignments (single-blind design). Stratified or block randomization was not applied in this study, as preliminary analysis indicated no significant imbalance in key baseline variables across groups.

Blinding (investigator's opinion)

Single blinded

Blinding description

Clinical caregivers: Doctors, nurses and physiotherapists responsible for the treatment of patients were not involved in the research educational intervention and

were (blinded to the grouping of companies). Data analyst (data analyst) The person responsible for the statistical analysis of the data had access only to the numerical coding of the groups (without knowledge of whether they were control or intervention). Therefore, complete blinding was observed in this role.

Placebo

Not used

Assignment

Parallel

Other design features**Secondary Ids**

empty

Ethics committees**1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Sina Hospital - Tehran University of Medical Sciences (Research Ethics Committee)

Street address

Room 604, 6th Floor, Central Building, Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Qods Street and Keshavarz Boulevard Intersection, Tehran University, Secretariat of the Ethics Committee in Biomedical Research

City

tehran

Province

Tehran

Postal code

1581749811

Approval date

2024-07-06, 1403/04/16

Ethics committee reference number

IR.TUMS.SINAHOSPITAL.REC.1403.045

Health conditions studied**1****Description of health condition studied**

Caregivers of hip fracture patients

ICD-10 code

S72.0

ICD-10 code description

Fracture of head and neck of femur

Primary outcomes**1****Description**

caregivers' caregiving pressure questionnaire (CBI)

Timepoint

Before the start of the intervention and 14 days after the last day of the intervention

Method of measurement

The Caregiver Burden Inventory (CBI) consists of 24 items, which were developed by Novak & Guest in 1989 to measure objective and subjective caregiving burden, and it measures subjective caregiving burden with greater emphasis. This questionnaire consists of five subscales: time-related caregiving burden (questions 1 to 5), developmental caregiving burden (questions 6 to 10), physical caregiving burden (questions 11 to 14), social caregiving burden (questions 15 to 19), and emotional caregiving burden (questions 20 to 24). The caregivers' responses will be measured on a 5-point Likert scale (completely false to completely true), so that the samples will choose one of the following options for each question: completely false (score 1), false (score 2), somewhat true (score 3), true (score 4), and completely true (score 5). Accordingly, the scores obtained from this questionnaire will range from 24 to 120, and according to the mean and standard deviation of the total caregiving stress scores, scores of 24 to 39 will be considered mild caregiving stress, 40 to 71 moderate caregiving stress, and 72 to 120 severe caregiving stress (Abbasi et al., 2012).

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Description

SF-36 Quality of Life Questionnaire

Timepoint

Before the start of the intervention and 14 days after the last day of the intervention

Method of measurement

The SF-36 Quality of Life Questionnaire has 36 items divided into three levels: 1- Questions 2- Eight scales, each of which is obtained by combining 2 to 10 questions, which are: physical function, physical limitation, physical pain, general health, vitality, social function, mental problems, and mental health 3- A summary bi-scale that is formed by combining the scales in the form of physical health (physical function, physical limitation, physical pain, general health) and mental health (social function, mental problems, mental health, and vitality). Each dimension of the questionnaire measures different options in accordance with the questions, which, depending on its needs, include questions with two options (yes, no) and six options (all the time, most of the time, some of the time, sometimes, sometimes, never). The scores of each subscale vary from 0 to 100, with 0 reporting the worst and 100 reporting the best situation in the subscale in question. The score of each dimension will be determined by the scores of the headings in that dimension. The score for each subscale is calculated separately and averaged. The score is given as a percentage of health in that dimension. To calculate the total questionnaire, the sum of the scores for each subscale is divided by 8, and the resulting number should be between 0 and 100. The lowest score in this questionnaire is zero and the highest is 100, with zero representing the worst and 100 representing the best on the overall scale, and the closer the average score is to zero, the lower the quality of life will be, and the closer the average score is to 100, the higher the quality of life will be (55).

Secondary outcomes

empty

Intervention groups

1

Description

Intervention group: In this study, the intervention involved a supportive educative program for caregivers of patients with hip fracture. No medications, chemical agents, surgeries, or invasive procedures were involved. Therefore, only a detailed description of the educational intervention is provided: Content of the Intervention: The supportive educational program was structured around two main components: Home care training for patients post-hip fracture surgery Problem-focused coping skills training (effective communication, anger management, deep breathing techniques) Program Components: Session 1: Basic home care principles post-hip fracture surgery (patient transfer, pressure sore prevention, early mobilization assistance, nutritional advice) Session 2: Prevention of secondary complications (infection, thrombosis, fall prevention) and home safety strategies Session 3: Effective communication skills, stress and anger management during caregiving Session 4: Relaxation and deep breathing techniques for stress control and psychological adjustment Teaching Methods: Methods used included interactive lectures, group discussions, role-playing, and Q&A sessions Educational materials included PowerPoint slides and a printed booklet specifically developed for this study. Duration and Frequency: The program was conducted over four sessions. Each session lasted 60 to 90 minutes, delivered over two weeks (two sessions per week). Location of Intervention: Conducted in a dedicated education room at the orthopedic outpatient clinic of Sina Hospital, equipped with standard educational facilities (adequate lighting, comfortable seating, audiovisual equipment). Source of Educational Materials: All materials were developed by the research team and printed by the Publication and Printing Center of Tehran University of Medical Sciences. Nature of the Intervention: No medication, chemical substance, injection, or surgical procedure was used. The intervention was entirely non-pharmacological and non-invasive, focused solely on skill enhancement and psychological support for caregivers.

Category

Lifestyle

2

Description

Control group: They did not receive any intervention

Category

N/A

Recruitment centers

1

Recruitment center

Name of recruitment center

Sina Hospital, Tehran

Full name of responsible person

Seyyed Hossein Shafi'i

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Sina Hospital, Hassan Abad Square, Imam Khomeini Street, Tehran, Iran

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Sponsors / Funding sources

1

Sponsor

Name of organization / entity

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

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Keshavarz Boulevard, corner of Qods Street, Central University Organization, 6th Floor, Vice President for Research and Technology

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Grant name**Grant code / Reference number****Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?**

Yes

Title of funding source

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Proportion provided by this source

100

Public or private sector

Public

Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

Category of foreign source of funding

empty

Country of origin**Type of organization providing the funding**

Academic

Person responsible for general inquiries

Contact**Name of organization / entity**

Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Golnar Ghane

Position

Associate Professor

Latest degree

Ph.D.

Other areas of specialty/work

Nursery

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Sharing plan

Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Study Protocol

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Statistical Analysis Plan

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Informed Consent Form

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Clinical Study Report

Yes - There is a plan to make this available

Analytic Code

Not applicable

Data Dictionary

Undecided - It is not yet known if there will be a plan to make this available

Title and more details about the data/document

Our study, which was designed to investigate the effect of a supportive education program on the caregiving stress and quality of life of caregivers of patients with hip fractures referred to the orthopedic department and clinic of Sina Hospital in Tehran, includes a set of valuable documents and files that can be shared in accordance with ethical principles. First, the questionnaires that the samples completed in two stages before the intervention and 14 days after the last training are the main treasure trove of our data. These questionnaires include demographic information, caregiver caregiving stress questionnaires, and the SF-36 quality of life questionnaire, which were measured with standard tools. If we hide the identities of the individuals with anonymous coding, these data can be fully available to other researchers to conduct further analyses or compare the results with similar studies. In addition, the data analysis file prepared in SPSS software, which shows our statistical results; from means and standard deviations to tests such as t-tests. This file can also be shared, but perhaps only parts of it will be made public.

We will probably only share the raw, more detailed data with others upon formal request and approval from the ethics committee, because participant confidentiality is a red line for us. As for the educational content; the educational booklet that we used and because it is also going to be given to the control group after the study, it is completely ready to be shared. Imagine this content as a small library that can reach universities and other researchers and help train nurses. In general, we would like our data and findings to be shared with the world, but with caution and care, so that both science advances and the privacy of the samples is preserved.

When the data will become available and for how long

Access begins 6 months after results are published.

To whom data/document is available

Researchers working in academic institutions and industry

Under which criteria data/document could be used

Our anonymized data is a treasure trove that we can share with caution. Researchers can use this data for statistical analyses, such as comparing means or examining correlations, or use educational documentation to design similar courses. All of this will be under the supervision of an ethics committee and with a commitment to confidentiality. To request access, they must provide a formal letter stating the purpose of the research, ethical approval from a reputable institution, and a commitment not to publish the raw data so that we can safely share this information with them.

From where data/document is obtainable

To Dr. Golnar Ghane, the project's faculty executive, golnarghane@gmail.com

What processes are involved for a request to access data/document

In order for the documents or data files to reach the applicant, there are a few simple but important steps that need to be taken. Your request is like a letter that first reaches Dr. Golnar Ghane, the study administrator; simply apply via email or by calling the Tehran University of Medical Sciences School of Nursing and Midwifery. She will review your request—including the purpose of use and ethical documents—and if everything is complete, she will give initial approval. This usually takes a week. Next, the data must be anonymized; for example, student names and codes are removed to maintain privacy. This step, which is carried out by the research team, takes about 5 to 7 days. Then, the Ethics Committee of Tehran University of Medical Sciences takes a final look to make sure everything is in accordance with the principles—this also takes another week. Finally, the files (such as questionnaires or educational content) will be sent to you via email or secure drive. Overall, if your application is complete and flawless, it will take about 2 to 3 weeks for this treasure to reach you.

Comments