

Clinical Trial Protocol

Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

18 Sep 2026

Comparison of standard anti-Helicobacter pylori eradication regimen with and without N Acetylcysteine in patients with dyspepsia

Protocol summary

Summary

Objectives: Eradication of *Helicobacter pylori* which colonized the gastric mucous gel layer has an important role in the treatment of peptic ulcers, chronic gastritis and malt lymphoma. Favorable eradication regimes depend on different variables, including age, bacterial factors, antibiotic resistance patterns, health status of community and socioeconomic factors. Such variables especially antibiotic resistance is constantly changing. N-acetyl-cysteine is a powerful Sulfhydryl compound with mucolytic properties that reduce gastric mucosal barrier and reducing the viscosity up to 75% and increases delivery of antibiotics to the place of the microorganism.

Design, setting and conduct: This study examines and compare the effect of adding 1.2 g N-Acetyl-cysteine daily for two weeks with standard four drug regimens (Amoxicillin 500 mg four times daily, Bismuth subcitrate 120 mg four times daily, Omeprazole 20 mg twice daily and Clarithromycin 500 mg twice day) in the eradication of *Helicobacter pylori*. In the control group placebo will not be used.

Participants: All patients between 17-80 years with gastrointestinal symptoms and dyspepsia which refer to the Gastroenterology Clinics for endoscopy by a gastroenterologist recruited with full consent if *Helicobacter pylori* tests were positive (confirmed by histology, rapid urease test or stool antigen test). **Exclusion criteria included:** Patients previously received eradication of *Helicobacter pylori* treatment, presence of underlying disease such as cirrhosis, renal failure, severe cardiac disease, malignancy outside the GI tract, the need for simultaneous use of NSAIDs, the need for concomitant use of steroids, recent gastrointestinal bleeding, pregnancy or breast feeding.

Intervention: Patients randomly assign in one of two standard anti-*Helicobacter pylori* eradication regimens with and without N Acetylcysteine. If the patients were taking more than 85 percent of drug considered drug tolerance. **Main outcome:** Eight weeks after termination of *Helicobacter*

pylori eradication regimes, *Helicobacter pylori* stool antigen test performed to evaluate the effectiveness of the eradication of *Helicobacter pylori*. If *Helicobacter pylori* stool antigen test result was negative, successful eradication considered.

General information

Acronym

IRCT registration information

IRCT registration number: **IRCT201201078634N1**

Registration date: **2012-05-07, 1391/02/18**

Registration timing: **registered_while_recruiting**

Last update:

Update count: **0**

Registration date

2012-05-07, 1391/02/18

Registrant information

Name

Mehdi Zobeiri

Name of organization / entity

Kermanshah University of Medical Sciences, Shahid Beheshti Blvd., Kermanshah

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Recruitment status

Recruitment complete

Funding source

Vice chancellor for research, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences

Expected recruitment start date

2012-01-20, 1390/10/30

Expected recruitment end date

2012-09-05, 1391/06/15

Actual recruitment start date

empty

Actual recruitment end date

empty

Trial completion date

empty

Scientific title

Comparison of standard anti-Helicobacter pylori eradication regimen with and without N Acetylcysteine in patients with dyspepsia

Public title

Comparison of standard anti-Helicobacter pylori eradication regimen with and without N Acetylcysteine in patients with dyspepsia

Purpose

Treatment

Inclusion/Exclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria included: All patients with gastrointestinal symptoms and dyspepsia which refer to the Gastroenterology Clinics of Al-Zahra hospital, Noor, Poursina Hakim Research Center and Ardakan hospital for endoscopy by a gastroenterologist recruited with full consent if Helicobacter pylori tests were positive (confirmed by histology, Rapid urease test or stool antigen test). Exclusion criteria included: Patients previously received eradication of Helicobacter pylori treatment; Presence of underlying disease such as cirrhosis; Renal failure; Severe cardiac disease; malignancy outside of the GI; Age less than 17 and more than 80; Simultaneous use of NSAIDs; Concomitant use of steroids; Recent gastrointestinal bleeding; pregnancy or lactation.

AgeFrom **17 years** old to **80 years** old**Gender**

Both

Phase

2-3

Groups that have been masked*No information***Sample size**Target sample size: **100****Randomization (investigator's opinion)**

Randomized

Randomization description**Blinding (investigator's opinion)**

Not blinded

Blinding description**Placebo**

Not used

Assignment

Parallel

Other design features**Secondary Ids**

empty

Ethics committees**1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Ethics Committee of Isfahan University of Medical Sciences

Street address

Ethics Committee of Isfahan University of Medical Sciences, Vice chancellor for research, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences, Hezarjarib St., Isfahan

City

Isfahan

Postal code**Approval date**

2010-09-16, 1389/06/25

Ethics committee reference number

389226

Health conditions studied**1****Description of health condition studied**

Dyspepsia

ICD-10 code

B98.0

ICD-10 code description

Helicobacter pylori [H.pylori] as the cause of diseases classified

Primary outcomes**1****Description**

Helicobacter pylori eradication

Timepoint

Prior to and one month after intervention

Method of measurement

Stool antigen

Secondary outcomes**1****Description**

Drug side effects

Timepoint

During and after drug consumption

Method of measurement

Visiting and call-check list

2**Description**

Drug tolerance

Timepoint

During drug consumption

Method of measurement

Visiting and call

Intervention groups

1

Description

Intervention group received standard treatment of anti H pylori which include Amoxicillin 500 mg four times daily, Bismuth citrate 120 mg four times daily, Omeprazole 20 mg twice daily, Clarithromycin 500 mg twice daily plus effervescent N Acetylcysteine 600 mg tablets 2 times a day per oral for 14 days.

Category

Treatment - Drugs

2

Description

Control group received standard treatment of anti H pylori which include Amoxicillin 500 mg four times daily, Bismuth citrate 120 mg four times daily, Omeprazole 20 mg twice daily, Clarithromycin 500 mg twice daily per oral for 14 days.

Category

Treatment - Drugs

Recruitment centers

1

Recruitment center

Name of recruitment center

GI clinic of Azahra

Full name of responsible person

Dr Zobeiri

Street address

GI clinic of Azahra, Azahra hospital, Soffeh Boulevard, Isfahan, Iran

City

Isfahan

2

Recruitment center

Name of recruitment center

GI clinic of Noor hospital

Full name of responsible person

Street address

GI clinic of Noor hospital, Noor hospital, Next to Shahid Dastgheib Boulevard, Ostandari St., Isfahan, Iran

City

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3

Recruitment center

Name of recruitment center

Poursina Hakim Digestive Research Center

Full name of responsible person

Street address

Poursina Hakim Digestive Research Center, Second floor of Behesht building, opposite of Al Kareem mosque, Bozorgmehr St., Isfahan, Iran

City

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Sponsors / Funding sources

1

Sponsor

Name of organization / entity

Vice chancellor for research, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences

Full name of responsible person

Dr Peyman Adibi

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Vice chancellor for research, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences, Hezar Jarib St, Isfahan

City

Isfahan

Grant name

Grant code / Reference number

Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?

Yes

Title of funding source

Vice chancellor for research, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences

Proportion provided by this source

100

Public or private sector

empty

Domestic or foreign origin

empty

Category of foreign source of funding

empty

Country of origin

Type of organization providing the funding

empty

Person responsible for general inquiries

Contact

Name of organization / entity

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Position

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Sharing plan

Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)

empty

Study Protocol

empty

Statistical Analysis Plan

empty

Informed Consent Form

empty

Clinical Study Report

empty

Analytic Code

empty

Data Dictionary

empty